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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 67 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1946. Price: 2 Annas

VASANT
BUSINESS IN FORCE: Rs. 1,00,00,000
LIFE INSURANCE FUND: Rs. 5,50,000
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BUSINESS RECEIVED: Rs. 51,12,000
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Europeans To Rescue Of Sind League Ministry

Syed's No-Confidence Motion Lost By A Vote

Premier Says Offer To "Congress Hindus" Still Stands

KARACHI, March 19. (A.P.I.): The "no-confidence" motion against the Home Minister, Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur, was defeated by 30 votes against 29 in the Sind Assembly today.

The division revealed that the entire Muslim League Party consisting of 27 members and the European Group of three members voted against the motion while the Coalition Party including Mr. Naraindas Bechar (Labour) voted for the motion.

There was a tense atmosphere when the third day debate on the "no-confidence" motion against Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur was resumed in the Sind Assembly today. Earlier the House divided twice in the course of consideration of supplementary demands, once a supplementary demand under Revenue head and another on a cut motion by a member of the Coalition Party under General Administration. Both the divisions resulted in Government victory.

MINISTRY-MAKING RECALLED

Mr. M. H. Gazdar, in a statement which he read in the Sind Assembly today during discussions on "no-confidence" motion referred to the Congress-League parleys that preceded the formation of the Coalition Party in Sind. He said that both Mr. Syed and Haji Maula Baksh were anxious to keep out if thereby they could secure and establish a Congress-League coalition in the province. Mr. Gazdar disclosed that he contacted Mr. Jinnah and Nawabzada Liaquat Ali at Delhi and conveyed to them Mr. Syed's honest wishes that no effort must be spared to reunite the Muslims of Sind under a common banner. Mr. Gazdar pleaded with the League for the ban being removed against Mr. Syed and facilitating his re-entry into the Muslim League. Mr. Gazdar also met Maulana Azad and Mr. Asaf Ali at the Delhi aerodrome and both Maulana Azad and Mr. Asaf Ali showed anxiety to help him in re-establishing Muslim unity in Sind, and Maulana Azad assured him that he would give him every help to bring about a Congress-League coalition in Sind. Though the Sind Assembly Coalition Party was already formed when he again met Maulana Azad, the Congress President was agreeable to reconsider the whole question in case he had some definite terms to offer on behalf of the Sind Assembly League Party. Mr. Gazdar said that before he contacted Maulana Azad, Sir Ghulam Hussain and his colleagues who sent him on this mission had the full blessings of Mr. Jinnah, who was reported to have given them full autonomy to come to any kind of understanding with the Congress in regard to the provincial programme with the only condition that it should not directly or indirectly affect the All-India character of the Muslim League or its programme. Mr. Jinnah also made it clear that the ministry should consist of four members of the Muslim League and two Hindus of the Congress Group.

SOMETHING HAPPENS

Mr. Gazdar continued that as the Coalition Party was already formed, Maulana Azad suggested to Mr. Gazdar to consider the question of the formation of an all-party Government in Sind. He said that it was because Maulana Azad did not desire to betray either Mr. Syed or Mr. Maula Baksh. In fairness to them, Mr. Gazdar would say without reservation that both of them expressed their resolve to keep out if only to facilitate a Congress-League coalition. When informed, Maulana Azad was highly pleased about it but suggested that constitutionally they could effect an agreement only with Sir Ghulam Hussain as he was the leader of the party.

But due to various circumstances a meeting could not be arranged. The mission which he had undertaken upon himself had proved abortive for reasons over which he had no control.

Mr. Gazdar added that when Mr. Jinnah stated the other day that the Congress was putting obstruction in the way of the Lea-

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 3.)

INDIA BECOMING A BURDEN TO BRITISH

Nehru's Plainspeaking To Singapore Pressmen

SINGAPORE, March. 19. (Reuter): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing correspondents here tonight, said that the use of Indian troops in Indonesia was "very greatly resented in India". India, he added, "has always been fully sympathetic with the Indonesian people".

Asked whether he was optimistic regarding the Cabinet mission to India, he said: "I think there are strong forces at play today which are forcing England to recognise the freedom of India. Most intelligent people realise that freedom cannot be held back. The possession of India is gradually ceasing to be of profit in any way.

He added: "It is becoming a burden. As freedom is going to come, farseeing people are trying to see it come in the best possible way and therefore there is a tendency not to resist it so as to leave as little rancour as possible.

"All these factors are in favour of something satisfactory emerging from the forthcoming talks. On the other hand there are two extraordinary problems—the conception of the British people that they possess India as though it were a landlord's estate and the economic inertia of the British administration in India. The administration understands the job of collecting money and keeping law and order, but knows nothing of what goes on in the world or what gives rise to famine".

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MAY)

NEW YORK, March 19.

Previous Closing	26.75
To-day's Opening	26.74
Difference	—01
To-day's Closing	26.75
Difference	nil.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, March 19.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
General Motors dol. 72.7/8.
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 46-3/8.
United States Steel Common dol. 83.3/4.
United States Steel Preference unquoted.—Reuter.

IRAN AT LAST LODGES PROTEST WITH U.N.O.

WASHINGTON, March 19. (Reuter): Persia has formally protested to the United Nations Organisation over the Soviet action in Persia.

The protest was delivered late last night direct to the U.N.O Secretary General, M. Trygve Lie, at his residence in Washington, reports "Reuter's" correspondent. It was lodged by the Persian Ambassador to the United States, Mr. Hussein Ala, immediately after instructions had come through from Teheran.

According to Mr. Abbas Arram, first Secretary at the Persian Embassy, the contents of the note to M. Trygve Lie are understood to protest not only against infaction of the Tripartite Treaty of 1942 stipulating that Allied troops should leave Persia by March 2 this year, but also against Soviet interference with Persian internal affairs.

Its text will be released by the Persian Embassy later today.

As a result of the protest it appears almost certain that Persia will now become the main issue before the U.N.O. Security Council when it opens its second meeting in New York next Monday.

The action of M. Ghavam Sultaneh's Government has ended the prolonged uncertainty as to whether Persia would again bring her case before the Security Council and has pleased diplomatic quarters in Washington which, during the past two days, had been feeling increased uncertainty about the stability of the present Persian Government.

It had been stated that if Persia failed to take action, the United States would have raised the matter.

In Teheran complete silence is still being maintained by the Government over current events. The new Soviet Ambassador, M. Ivan Sadchikoy, is expected to arrive within the next 24 hours, but must present his credentials before making diplomatic contact with the Persian Government.

Sir Reader Bullard, retiring British Ambassador, leaves Teheran today.

The possibility of a direct bilateral settlement between the Soviet Union and Persia before the Security Council meeting now appears to be ruled out.

Col. Lakshmi of the Rani of Jhansi Regiment of the Indian National Army who arrived by plane at the Vile Parle aerodrome on Tuesday was received by the office-bearers and members of the B. P. C. C.

SUBHAS BROUGHT UNITY TO EAST ASIA

Col. Luxmi's Tributes To Netaji's Dynamic Leadership

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

She was essentially a soldier and as such could not don the robes of a party politician. India's struggle for complete emancipation from British rule was still to continue. The men and women of the I.N.A. were straining their ears for the final bugle call. And when that call comes she and her colleagues would once again respond with all the magnificent devotion with which they rallied round their beloved Netaji.

Thus ended Lt. Col. Luxmi a memorable press conference she held at Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's residence tonight. Choosing her words carefully, with an emphasis on restraint, she cut across the Press sallies with verve and dash.

Lt. Col. Luxmi arrived in the city by air from Delhi in the evening. Clad in a red saree, with a fine "tilak" on her forehead, she greeted the crowd at the Vile Parle aerodrome with folded hands. Her simple civilian dress acted rather as a cold douche to the hope that she would alight in the uniform of the Rani of Jhansi Regiment. Mr. Nagindas Master, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mr. Nathalal Parikh and Lady Rama Rao were among those who greeted her on arrival.

HISTORY OF I.N.A.

Addressing pressmen at Mr. B. Desai's residence, she narrated the story of the I.N.A. briefly. Confining herself to the part played by the Rani of Jhansi Regiment, Lt. Col. Luxmi said that before joining the I.N.A. she was doing relief work and giving medical aid to the needful. They had organised women for the Red Cross but did not feel it opportune to go the whole hog with the Japanese. Suspicions were still lurking in their minds. But Netaji changed everything. When he came to East Asia and assumed leadership over Indians, their doubts vanished.

Col. Luxmi said, "Here was a man whose integrity, sincerity and character were above malice or question. Under him East Asia rose to one man."

The chief motive of the I.N.A. she said, was to synchronise the internal fight in India with a powerful external movement. So great was its appeal that men, women and children reached to the superb heights of self-sacrifice. Women vied with men to join the I.N.A. Col. Luxmi said that many women had to be refused admission on the grounds of their domestic responsibilities. Not only the rich but even the poor filled the treasuries of the I.N.A. with donations. It was not an uncommon sight to see a humble layman emptying his life savings on the lap of Netaji. So epochal and so magnetic was his mass appeal.

Col. Luxmi was asked: "Do you subscribe to the belief that non-violence is the only instrument to achieve Indian freedom?"

SUCCESSFUL VIOLENCE

To this she replied: "I can't accept 'ahimsa' as a creed—nor can any soldier. But in the present national and international setting violence practised on an inadequate, sporadic scale would be suicidal. We must match the violence of the British with superior violence. If we can't do that, the best course would be to resort to a weapon which we know how to use deligently. And that weapon, today—I say with emphasis 'today'—is not violence".

Col. Luxmi sharply ridiculed 'Pravda's' attack on Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose. Twisting her lips in disdain, she said, "What do they know of Subhas? His status as a man and a soldier was imposing. So towering was his personality that the Japanese used to consult him in all military and civil matters, even in those not directly concerning the I.N.A. Even the Chinese admired him tremendously. But there they were so anti-Japanese that they could not actively collaborate with him."

TRIBUTE TO AUNG SAN.

After Netaji's arrival in East Asia harmony between the various Asiatic communities increased, said Col. Luxmi. In Burma, Indo-Burmese bickerings and riots ceased. The two peoples came nearer and were thrilled to the call of common aspirations. But that era of brotherhood seems to be ending now," she said. "With the re-entry of the British, the Burmese and Indians are once again being pitted against each other. It is the British alone who are responsible for Indo-Burmese disharmony". She paid tribute to Major Gen. Aung San's qualities of head and heart and described him as "pro-Indian to his finger-tips".

Asked about her future plans, the leader of the Rani of Jhansi Regiment said the factional politics had no lure for her. She did not hunger for leadership, big or small. In Madras she would settle down as a medical practitioner. "I do not think I have done anything to aspire for leadership. I am a soldier and would always be one", she said.

Luxmi On Netaji's Reported Death

BOMBAY, Tuesday: "I don't know on what Gandhiji basis his belief that Netaji is alive. Personally, I feel that Netaji is one of those mysteries the solution of which we can only await patiently. When I heard the broadcast news of his death in an aircrash, I thought it all a fake. Today I think the chances are *fifty-fifty*," says Lt. Col. Luxmi commenting on Netaji Bose's reported death.

DID GANDHIJI SAY "NO" TO VICEROY?

Jinnah Deplores Politics In Food Question

NEW DELHI, March 19. (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, in an interview to-day said that in considering the food situation party politics should not be raised.

Referring to his recent interviews with the Viceroy, Mr. Jinnah said:

"The result of my discussion with the Viceroy about food situation is that a committee of 12 or 14 which was suggested by him to secure the co-operation of the two major organisations, the Congress and the League, was turned down by Mr. Gandhi and the Congress.

The second proposal which emerged from my discussion with the Viceroy, was that the Viceroy, Mr. Gandhi and myself should work from day to-day at Delhi in collaboration with the Food Department and if possible a representative of the Indian States be included. The name of the Nawab of Bhopal was suggested by the Viceroy. I welcomed it, but even this proposal has been turned down by Mr. Gandhi and the Congress on political grounds. This is to be regretted.

"So far as the food situation is concerned political issues should not be raised nor should party politics play any part".

"Strong India Will Fight For Asiatic Freedom"

Nehru Addresses Mass Rally In Singapore: I. N. A. Memorial Function Not Held

SINGAPORE, March 19. (Reuter): The arrival of Pandit Nehru in Singapore has caused greater excitement than any event since Japan surrendered last September cables Michael MacDonaugh, "Reuter's" special correspondent.

Until a late hour last night, thousands of Malayan Indians blocked the streets outside Adelphi Hotel from which Pandit Nehru gave a brief address and again this morning his appearance was greeted by a huge crowd. Singapore papers give prominence to reports of his arrival with pictures.

Although Indians naturally have taken a lead in welcoming Pandit Nehru, Chinese and Malaya organisations have also taken a big part in organising reception arrangements and a special Reception Committee, representing all communities, is treating his visit as that of one of the world's great leaders rather than on a communal basis.

Although looking tired after his long journey, Pandit Nehru lost no time in meeting local Indian leaders and after visiting Johore, Bahru and Seletar this morning he will lunch with a representative of the Indian Government and in the afternoon visit Indian political prisoners in gaol, the General Labour Union and the Indian Chamber of Commerce.

Scheduled to lay a wreath at the spot where the I.N.A. Memorial stood during the Japanese occupation, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru disappointed thousands of his countrymen assembled at a small wooden plinth for the occasion.

For some unexplained reason Pandit Nehru did not turn up but instead went direct to Singapore's "Jalan Besar" stadium to address a mass rally of Indians. Disappointed crowds wended their way to the stadium.

Addressing the mass rally of about 75,000 Indians, Chinese and Malays, Pandit Nehru urged a union of Asiatic countries and stressed that the move should not be for aggression but for freedom throughout Asia.

Pandit Nehru said that in the whole history of Asia, India and China had never fought each other—a striking contrast to the warring nations of Europe.

Pandit Nehru added: "Some day every Indian arm will be a strong arm and those arms will fight for Asiatic freedom."

Following his address Pandit Jawaharlal called for a two-minute silence in memory of those "who died in the cause of Indian independence."

He spoke twice, first in Hindustani, and then in English. Mr. Tan Kan Kee, Overseas Chinese leader, translated the address into Chinese.

"B. N. A. NEVER KILLED I. N. A. MEN."

RANGOON (Reuter): The allegation that the Burma National Army was responsible for the death of 15,000 to 20,000 Indians was refuted by General U. Aung San, President of the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League, in a statement issued to-day.

Gen. U. Aung San adds: "In the same report Mr. Sehgal is alleged to have stated that a large number of B.N.A. troops served in Burma military police force and other forces. This is not correct. Only a few of B. N. A. troops had served in these forces. May I, in this connection, also point out that there are also quite a number of ex-B.N.A.'s who do not fare better than ex-I.N.A.'s."

Smuts Leading Whites Down Precipice

GANDHIJI SAYS HIS ACTION IS A CHALLENGE TO ASIA

Advises "Satyagraha" Only After Gathering World's Moral Forces

POONA, March 19. (A.P.I.): "The Land and Franchise Bill introduced in the South African parliament which had brought the South African Indian Delegation to India, though superficially it affected the Indians of Natal and Transvaal, was in effect a challenge to Asia and by implication to the Negro races".

Thus says Mahatma Gandhi in an article in the next issue of "Harijan" to be published on March 24, and advance copy of which has been released to the Press to-day. Gandhiji adds that India in her present exalted mood could view it in no other way. Unseen, he states, the South African Whiteman's policy held the seeds of a world war.

Gandhiji urges Field Marshal Smuts not to persist in the policy underlying his measures and asks him to take counsel with the Allies to whose victory on the battlefield he contributed not a little. Field Marshal Smuts, Gandhiji affirms, would surely throw away the fruits of the victory if he persisted in his "plan of protecting the civilization of the west by artificial means".

Gandhiji's article was released in advance to the Press to-day through the 'Associated Press of India'. Extracts from the South African Indian deputation's submission to the Viceroy, and an appendix giving an idea of the hardships and difficulties to which Indians in South Africa are subjected, are appended to the article.

Gandhiji writes: "Course of events has raised the question of South Africa Whiteman's policy to the highest level. Unseen it holds the seeds of a world war. The threatened Land and Franchise Bill which has brought the South African Indian delegation to India, though superficially it affects the Indians of Natal and Transvaal, is in effect a challenge to Asia and, by implication, to the Negro races. India in her present exalted mood can view it in no other way.

INSULT TO INDIA.

"Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is India to the core but being also an internationalist he has made us used to looking at everything in the international light instead of the parochial. India, weak physically and materially but strong ethically and numerically, has proclaimed from the housetops that her independence would be a threat to no one and no nation, but will be a help to all noble efforts throughout the world and a promise of relief to its exploited people. Therefore, India regards the contemplated measure of the Union of South Africa as an insult and challenge to them.

"The Indian deputation sees in the present measure not merely an assault on Indian property rights but also on their status as free men. They do not want merely to exist in South Africa. They need not have sent the deputation all the way to India for that purpose. They want to be in South Africa as equals of the European settlers of South Africa. They know that to-day they are not. But they must stop deterioration and hence move forward. In that forward march India will help, of course. Indeed, all the moral forces will be at their call. The brunt, however, will have to be borne by them. They rediscovered the force of truth (Satyagraha) and that will be their only and ultimate source of power. Time for it is not yet. Let us hope, it will never come. They have to try to gather together on their side all the moral forces of the world. They will have to clear the ground of all the weeds, all sordidness, all personal ambition which always and everywhere creeps in, if sleepless vigilance is not kept on the watch tower. Imagine the plight of a poor barque sailing when the beacon light in front has gone out.

SUFFERING AHEAD.

"They must be prepared for accident and consequent suffering. If they are in earnest and hardy enough to brave the worst, they are bound to come out the best in the end.

"What about the Whites of South Africa? They invited the Indians in the first instance. If they thought the invitees would always be like slaves or that they would not be followed by their free brethren, they (the whites) were soon undeceived.

"Does real superiority require outside props in the shape of legislation? Will they not see that every such wall of protection weakens them, ultimately rendering them effeminate? The lesson of history ought to teach them that might is not right. Right only is might. Field Marshal Smuts is a great soldier statesman. Will he not perceive that he will be taking the Whitemen of South Africa down the precipice if he persists in the policy underlying his measure. Let him take counsel with the Allies to whose victory on the battlefield he contributed not a little. He will surely throw away its fruits if he persists in his plan of protecting the civilisation of the west by artificial means".

STOP PRESS

"WAR SPITE" TO BE SCRAPPED.

LONDON, March 19. (Reuter): "Approved for His Majesty's ship "War Spite" to be scrapped." In these nine words the Admiralty announces the death of 'War Spite', Grand Old Lady of the Royal Navy, after a historic service which began at the battle of Jutland in 1916 and ended with the bombardment of Walcheren in support of the Scheldt landings in 1944.

KALININ WANTS TO RETIRE

LONDON, March 19. (Reuter): Moscow Radio states that President Kalinin of the Soviet Union has asked to be relieved of his post as Chariman of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet for health reasons.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We are glad to announce to our patrons and well-wishers that the factory of Scientific Milk Products of India Ltd., which had so far been under preparation has now been completed. The factory situated on an extensive and excellent site at Madhepur equipped with its own electrical power is now ready for producing milk products of unique and excellent quality. The work of erecting machineries of post-war quality have been successfully completed by renowned Danish Engineers in consultation with a New Zealand expert. Scientific arrangements of the workshops of the firm, modern sanitation and everything else is now ready for this bold and new venture. All that we seek now is the kind and warm co-operation of all the Indians to make this bold bid for economic power a reality and to make our motto of serving the nation in concrete ways a success.

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AT TAPATI'S
TAPATI: OH! I AM SO WORRIED. NO SLEEP.. NO APPETITE. IF ONLY I COULD GET RID OF MY ACCURSED WEAKNESS.
MEENA: I HAD THE SAME TROUBLE AFTER KHOKAN'S BIRTH. MY KAVIRAJA CURED ME. WHY NOT SEE HIM?
AT KAVIRAJA'S
TAPATI'S HUSBAND: SO MANY DOCTORS HAVE BEEN CONSULTED — SO MANY MEDICINES TRIED.
KAVIRAJA: DON'T WORRY— GIVE HER SAKTI OUSHADHALAYA'S MRITASANJIBANI SURA.
AT MEENA'S
MEENA: TAPATI, I AM GLAD YOU HAVE COME. YOU CERTAINLY LOOK WELL AGAIN.
TAPATI: IT'S ALL DUE TO YOU AND SAKTI OUSHADHALAYA'S MRITASANJIBANI SURA.

Here is one more example of a mother saved from impending danger, and restored to radiant health—thanks to Mritasanjibani Sura. Yet thousands of mothers die every year just because this little precaution is not taken during the critical period following child-birth

Mritasanjibani Sura is the ideal tonic for mothers after child-birth as well as for sick and convalescent women. By stimulating appetite and digestion and inducing sound sleep it restores their lost health rapidly and builds up that extra vitality which protects them from all forms of weakness and disease.

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3 Rinse clothes thoroughly in clean water.

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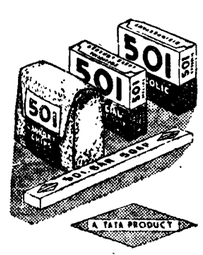

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NOT BOUND BY ANY RECOMMENDATIONS

Arab Higher Committee And Anglo-American Commission

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
JERUSALEM, March 5.

In a detailed statement, the Arab Higher Committee, last week-end, reiterated its resolution of February 11, when it objected to the principle of an inquiry into the Palestine case and of including the United States in this inquiry, demanding that the remaining big powers as well as the Arab states be represented on such an inquiry commission if there should be one at all, declaring also that Arabs would not be bound by the recommendations of the inquiry if these conflicted with Arab national aspirations. The Higher Committee had also asked for the immediate release of the Arab exiles to enable them to participate in deciding the future of Palestine.

The statement declared that subsequent to this resolution, it cabled U.N.O. and each of the delegations of the great powers and the Arab states attending the U.N.O. Assembly, requesting their intervention and that of the Security Council, but that no reply had been received from any, nor had the Palestine case been discussed.

Jamal Effendi Husseini, the repatriated leader of the Palestine Arab Party, subsequently proceeded to Cairo to seek advice from the Arab League and member states, and returned reinforced with the unanimous recommendation for co-operation with the Inquiry Commission as well as with the advice of Prince Feisal Al Saud, who had recently returned from London and was staying in Cairo at the time.

REASONS FOR CO-OPERATION

At a regular meeting held on February 25, the Higher Committee perused the objections of various quarters and organisations (The National Bloc Party, the Reform Party, the League of National Liberation, Muhammed Ali Alluba Pasha, the Farmers Union, the Labour (Left-wing) Union, and several persons in their private capacity) recommending boycott of the Commission and the proposal for submitting the case to U.N.O.'s Security Council, but decided:

That Palestine, being a member of the Arab League, should not act unilaterally in opposition to the policy of the Arab world. No harm would befall the Arab case if the AHC were to co-operate. In addition, its presentation afforded one of the rare opportunities of effectively publicising the Arabs just demands, through the testimonies of the Arab witnesses as well as through the publication of the Commission's reports.

The statement of the AHC further argued that co-operation did not signify negotiation on the solution for the Palestine problem with official bodies, for, had this been the case, it would have been necessary for the exiled leaders, headed by the Mufti of Jerusalem, as Chairman of the actual Arab Higher Committee, to participate. This principle is admitted by all. Moreover, co-operation did not preclude the submission of the Arab case before UNO or the Security Council, and the AHC will do its utmost to bring the case up before this world organisation or any other power should it deem necessary.

Consequently, the resolution said, the AHC decided that appearance before the Commission should be through its channel, and requested Arabs wishing to testify to contact it beforehand.

It is understood that before this statement appeared, about twelve Arab personalities and religious bodies had intimated to Government of their desire to testify. In addition, the Arab Office in Jerusalem, may provide material and data which will call for cross-examination by the Commission, it is understood.

JAMAL HUSSEINI'S STAND

Jamal eff. Husseini, leader of the Palestine Arab Party, told members of the Arab Higher Committee at their last meeting that he was prepared to shoulder the consequences of co-operation with the Anglo-American Commission of Inquiry, it is learned authoritatively. Observers see in Husseini's firm stand in face of the general clamour for boycott which was intensified after the deportation of the five Palestine Arabs, who had hitherto been detained in Brussels, to the Seychelles islands a struggle for the party, regarded generally as the strongest single Arab political party in the country.

Had Husseini not committed himself at the outset—on the second day of his release in Cairo, last December—and pressed home his resolve vigorously at the several meetings of the Arab Higher Committee, he would have been able to back out by faithfully adhering to the wish of a large group of citizens. Failure at this juncture to carry the issue would adversely affect the reputation of the Palestine Arab Party's strength, creating a host of complications, among which would be the demand for the re-constitution of the AHC to include Trade Union, Farmers Union and Arab Front Group of Jaffa and Haifa representatives without allowing the PAP to increase its present membership of five proportionately.

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED from approved contractors for execution of part of combined system of drainage in Larkana town, consisting of laying Hume pipe sewers, including shoring to excavation where necessary, construction of man-holes, ventilating pipes, grit and balancing chambers, pump rooms, etc., costing Rs. 1,63,000.

The plans and estimates can be seen in the undersigned's office on any working day during office hours. The work of laying pipes and foundations of grit and balancing chambers is to be completed before June 1946, when subsoil water is at its lowest.

The tenders will be issued on payment of Rs. 10/- upto 31st March 1946 and will be accepted along with an earnest money of 1% upto 3-0 P.M. on 7-4-1946.

On acceptance of tender, a deposit of 5% including earnest money will have to be paid.

(Sd.) C. T. CHABLANI,
Chief Officer,
Larkana Municipality.
7167

LAID LOW BY LUMBAGO

For Weeks He Could Scarcely Move

KRUSCHEN RELIEVED THE AWFUL PAIN

Acting on the principle of "when you know a good thing tell your friends about it," a man writes as follows:—

"I had suffered from lumbago in my back, and for weeks could scarcely move in bed. I had treatment, but it did not ease the pain very much. A friend said, "Why man! Why not take Kruschen Salts? Take them every morning, and you'll find you will get relief from that awful pain in your back. So I have taken them every morning. This is the second bottle I have had, and I am in fit condition for my work again—thanks to Kruschen. I will surely tell my friends about Kruschen"—C. B.

Why is it that lumbago, backache and rheumatism all yield to Kruschen Salts? The secret is an open one. It is revealed in the analysis on the bottle— **six vital mineral salts.** Each of these salts has an action of its own, and where one cannot penetrate, another can, and does. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your internal organs to healthy, regular action, and ensure the removal of acids and poisons which contaminate the blood. The result is speedy relief from rheumatic complaints, and a remarkable improvement in your general health.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all good chemists and stores.

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Recipient of many Gold Medals & Certificates from Maharajas Judges and notables Annual life reading monthly details Rs 5 3 questions Re 1 (Horoscope or writing time required) Pandit Kallyur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR "Chandrika" 2-B Eldams Road Teynamper P O. Madras.

CRIPPS INFURIATES CONSERVATIVES BY DECLARATION OF COTTON POLICY

Establishment Of Permanent Purchasing Commission In Its Process

LONDON, March 18 (Reuter).—Leaders of the Conservative opposition took quick action tonight following the announcement by Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the Board of Trade, that the Government have decided to continue central purchase of cotton by the Cotton Control in preparation for establishment of a permanent Cotton Purchasing Commission, working in close contact with the Spinning industry.

A protest against this, the following motion has been tabled: "That this House regrets the decision of His Majesty's Government not to reopen the Liverpool Cotton Market and considers that the system of bulk purchase under State control will, firstly, hamper the manufacturer, secondly increase the cost of cotton to the consumer and thirdly, deprive the country of a valuable source of foreign exchange."

PRESS REACTION TO LABOUR GOVT. MOVE

British newspaper reactions to the announcement by Sir Stafford Cripps in the House of Commons that the British Government intended to continue centralised purchase of cotton largely followed political rather than commercial lines today. Newspapers favouring the Labour Party approved the decision and others disapproved.

A message from Cairo says that the announcement was received with great disappointment in Egypt.

Producers think that prices might have risen if there had been a free market. Merchants on the other hand deplore the decision on the grounds that spinners will be compelled to continue using cotton which is unsuitable for their requirements. They would have preferred gradual relaxation of control which would enable spinners needs to be adjusted to supplies available.

DISAPPOINTMENT IN COTTON CIRCLES

Disappointment was also expressed in cotton circles in New York but the decision had been more or less expected ever since the Labour Government took office.

"We have more or less got used to the idea of Liverpool being closed in recent years," a leading trader said. "The part played by Liverpool Exchange in International Cotton trading will long be remembered. While we are greatly disappointed that the Exchange will no longer function, this action adds nothing new to what we already had expected."

Criticism in Liverpool is directed against the decision on the grounds that Government purchasing will be more costly, will hamper Lancashire cotton trade, and will lead to unemployment.

100 YEARS EXPERIENCE THROWN OVERBOARD

Mr. W. S. Hannay, Director of Liverpool Cotton Association said, "Government is throwing away a hundred years experience in organisation, which obtained for Lancashire the cheapest cotton in the world. It will cost millions of sterling every year under the system of control."

Sir John Shute, Liverpool Cotton Broker, said that the Cripps plan would lead to "chaos in employment just when cotton operatives are returning from the services."

SNEEZING?

Act fast . . . go after throat surface germs with Listerine Antiseptic . . . up to 96.7% germ reduction in actual tests.

Start now...go after throat surface germs before they go after you. Gargle Listerine Antiseptic.

Actual tests showed reductions of bacteria on mouth and throat surfaces ranging up to 96.7% fifteen minutes after the Listerine Antiseptic gargle, and up to 80% one hour after.

What's more, in tests over a 12-year period, *those who gargled Listerine Antiseptic twice a day had fewer colds, and usually had milder colds, and fewer sore throats, than those who did not gargle Listerine Antiseptic.*

LISTERINE Quick! FOR COLDS

Ad No. 8914 R2

PALESTINE LAND DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

Iraq's Contribution

(From Our Correspondent)

JERUSALEM, March 5: Tewfik Abul Huda Pasha, a former Prime Minister and until recently Foreign Minister, who has been appointed Director-General of the Palestine Land Development Scheme, took up his duties last week. The Scheme, towards which the Iraq Government contributed 150 000 Dinars (£) had been presented to the Arab League Council at its last session for approval, but so far only Iraq expressed its approval by promptly contributing the said sum, the other six Arab states favouring a broader plan whereby one million pounds are to be subscribed for universally and which would operate on lines similar to the existing Umma (Land Redemption) Fund. Subscribers will be paid 3 per cent interest on their investment, this interest being guaranteed by their respective governments.

The appointment of Abul Huda Pasha followed a resolution by members of the Land Development Society, registered with the Palestine Administration, which comprises 16 notables, professions men and land-owners, with Musa eff. Alami as Chairman and Arwar eff. Khatib, as Secretary.

ARAB SARDARS' RELEASE

(From Our Correspondent.)
JERUSALEM, March 5.

The five Arab detainees who were deported to the Seychelles islands were treated in the same manner as others who co-operated with Germany and were arrested in Belgium, it is reported from London. The report adds that after a short while they were removed to a place with a better climate, namely, to the Seychelles, at their own request and will remain there temporarily. The statement that a military court had ordered their release and that they were actually set free is without foundation, it said. The detainees concerned are: Sheikh Hassan Abu el Saud, Mufti of the Shafii in Jerusalem, Selim Husseini, Dr. Musa Abdallah Husseini, Safwat Ynis Husseini, and Saad el Din Abdel Latif.

RAINS RENDER HUNDREDS HOMELESS

MELBOURNE, March 18 (Reuter).—Hundreds of families are homeless today and five members of one family were drowned as a result of heavy rains in four districts of Victoria since the week-end.

The rains are reported to have stopped, and an army of amphibious "ducks" have been rushed to the area for rescue work. Besides inundating the towns, the fast-moving waters have washed away bridges and damaged farms.

REGULAR COMMISSIONS IN THE POST-WAR INDIAN ARMY

SECOND COURSE

(INDIAN MILITARY ACADEMY, DEHRA DUN)

The closing date for applications for the Second Course for the Regular Officer cadre of the Indian Army has now been extended to 30th April, 1946.

1. A candidate must be a British subject of Indian domicile or descent or a subject of an Indian State.

2. A candidate for the Second Course, which starts in August 1946, must have passed his 18th birthday but not have attained his 21st on 1st July 1946.

3. The minimum educational standards acceptable are Matriculation, Senior Cambridge, School Leaving Certificate or the Indian Army Special Certificate. A high measure of proficiency in English is essential.

4. All candidates will have to pass a Services Selection Board and a Medical Board.

5. The Second Course will be of **sixteen** months' duration. It will be conducted at the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun.

APPLICATIONS

Applications forms can be obtained from any of the following:

Headquarters of a Military Brigade,
Brigade Area or Sub Area.
Recruiting Office.
University or College.

These forms, on completion, will be forwarded to the nearest Military Brigade, Brigade Area or Sub-Area Headquarters. On receipt of the completed form, the military commander concerned will call up suitable candidates for interview.

EXTENDED CLOSING DATE FOR APPLICATIONS

As no applications which are received after the **30th April 1946,** can be considered by the Director of Selection of Personnel, Meerut, candidates must apply in sufficient time to enable the military commander concerned to call them for interview, and to communicate the result to the Director of Selection of Personnel before that date.

NO. 651 A

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MARGUENTUM

For cuts, wounds & burns.

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More soothing and satisfying than the lilting melody of a slow foxtrot are Rythm Cigarettes—the outcome of the skilful blending of rare tobaccos.

Four Annas for Ten.)

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From Friday 22nd March
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holi., Mat. 1 P.M.
CITY LIGHT
B. B. Matunga
MEHBOOB Production's
TAKDIR
Nargis, Motilal, Charlie

ISHWARLAL, BEGUM PARA.
The Screeen's New Love Pair in
JAYANT DESAI Productions'
Sohni Mahiwal
Daily: 4, 7, 10
Matinee To-morrow at 1 p.m.
Reservation 10 to 12, 4 to 6
A LUCKY Release
NEW WEST END

MATINEE TOMORROW 1 p.m.
NAVYUG'S Streamlined Hit
DIN RAAT
Starring: SNEHPRABHA
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Tomorrow 1 p.m.
6TH WEEK OF SUCCESS
KRISHNA
A PEERLESS RELEASE

MATINEE TOMORROW 1 p.m.
SHREE VISHNU CINETONE'S
BHAKTA
PRALHAD
Starring:
LEELA CHITNIS, ULLHAS, ANANT MARATHE,
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Tomorrow 1 p.m.
2ND WEEK OF CROWDS.
NOVELTY
A SELECT RELEASE

MATINEE TOMORROW 1 p.m.
JAMUNA PRODUCTIONS'
RATTAN
Starring: SWARNALATA
10th HOUSE-FULL WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Tomorrow 1 p.m.
IMPERIAL
A DIAMOND-SELECT Release

B. P. S. C.
organises in aid of
POOR STUDENTS and STUDENTS CONGRESS
MRS. MINIVER
THURSDAY, 21st March, 9-30 a.m.
SWASTIKA
CINEMA
MORNING RATES
Tickets are available at 42, Kennedy Bridge from 6-30—7-30 p.m. and Theatre on Thursday 21st.

6TH WEEK
KARDAR Production's
Social with FAMILY Appeal
SANYASI
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.
at
KAMAL
A "Sunrich" Release.

Entertainment Grand
CHARLIE
GAZAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
Matinee Tomorrow at 1 p. m.
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MATINEE TOMORROW 1 P.M.
EASTERN PICTURES'
ZEENAT
18TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK
Daily 4, 7 10 Tomorrow 1 P.M.
SUPER
A 'SALMA' RELEASE

13th WEEK
"DHAMKI"
MINERVA
Daily: 4, 7, 10
Sun. Mat. at 1-0
Matinee on Thursday 21

5TH WEEK
Society Questioned
GOURI
CENTRAL
Daily: at 4, 7 & 10
To-morrow Matinee at 1 p.m.
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"ELITE" Icecream

FREEZER
MAKES YOUR ICECREAM & MILKSHAKE READY WITHIN 2 MINUTES
PRINCES, HIGH COURT JUDGES, DOCTORS, MAGISTRATES, ENGINEERS, BUSINESS MAGNATES, EDUCATIONISTS, FILM STARS are daily using it.
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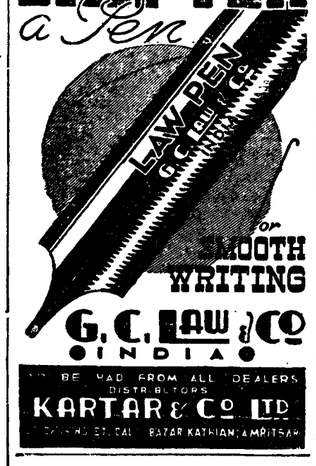

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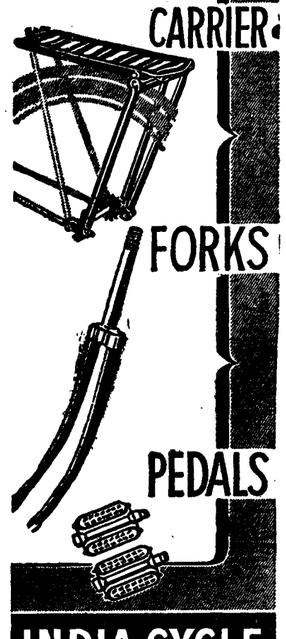
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SOLD OUT AGAIN!
2nd Week Plans sold out
Plans for the 3rd Week will open on Monday 25th 10 to 12 and 3 to 6 p.m.

Daily 1, 3-45, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SWASTIK

Injunction Granted Against Bullion Exchange

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee).

Messrs. Chimanram Motilal — Plaintiffs.
vs.
The Bombay Bullion Exchange Ltd. and Others. — Defendants

On Tuesday morning, his Lordship granted to the plaintiffs, one of the largest operators on the Bullion Exchange, an injunction restraining defendants 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 19 and 22 from taking any steps or enforcing any disciplinary action against the plaintiffs with regard to the silver transactions in suit and from declaring the plaintiffs defaulters on the Exchange in respect of those transactions pending the hearing of the suit. His lordship also granted the plaintiffs an interim injunction restraining those defendants from selling the outstanding silver in question in the name of the plaintiffs or on account of the plaintiffs, but held that the defendants were otherwise at liberty to sell the silver on behalf of the unpaid vendors.

The plaintiffs had filed this suit against the Bullion Exchange, its Directors and the members of its Merchants Committee for a declaration that Rule 28 of the Rules of Business of the Exchange which throws on the purchaser "import duty imposed or the increased import duty in addition to the amount mentioned in the delivery Order or in addition to the contract price as the case may be", was ultra vires the Exchange, and that the plaintiffs were not bound to pay the additional import duty proposed by the new Finance Bill amounting to about Rs. 15 lakhs on 4,300 bars of Silver in suit purchased by them for about Rs. 1,70,00,000 from various persons.

JUDGMENT.

Observing that in order to be entitled to the injunction sought the plaintiffs must show that they had a 'prima facie' case and that if an injunction were not granted irreparable injury would result, His Lordship stated that the Court would order only such restraint as would stop any mischief and would keep things in status quo.

His Lordship stated that three questions would arise in the suit—first, whether Rule 28 was ultra vires the terms of the contract, secondly, whether the transactions amounted to gaming and wagering by reason of the uncertainty with regard to the amount of the import duty, and thirdly, whether in fact there had been an imposition of import duty on silver from the introduction of the financial proposals on 28th February 1946.

Having regard to the fact that Rule 28 already exist when the contracts in suit were made and was adopted as a term of the contract, His Lordship failed, to see how it amounted to an alteration of the terms of the contracts so as to make the Rule 'ultra vires'. In His Lordship's opinion from the Provisional Collection of Taxes Act 1931 it did appear that a duty in the nature of customs or excise had the force of law immediately on the introduction of the financial proposals but His Lordship considered it out of place to decide this point on an interlocutory application.

His Lordship pointed out that the vendors could deliver to the purchasers any bars of the specified number from those in their possession, that it was not a sale of ascertained goods and no property in the goods had passed to the plaintiffs as purchasers. The vendor could, therefore, sell those goods through an agent and it would not be proper to restrain an unpaid vendor from doing so, but it was doubtful whether he could sell in the name and on account of the purchaser. His Lordship was, however, of opinion that in the absence of some restraint, if the plaintiffs succeeded in proving their contentions, irreparable injury would result to them. His Lordship, therefore granted an injunction in terms set out above, directed that the plaintiffs' undertaking to deposit Rs. 15 lakhs be discharged, and ordered that the suit be placed on some board on 28th June 1946, with liberty to the parties to apply to the Court if necessary.

Mr. K. M. Munshi and Mr. M. L. Maneksha instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla appeared for the plaintiffs in support of the Motion.

The Advocate-General Mr. C. K. Daphtary instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Co., appeared for the Bullion Exchange (defendant I) to oppose it.

Mr. V. F. Taraporevala appeared for defendant II and Mr. R. J. Kolah appeared for defendant 22, both instructed by Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, to oppose it.

NRITYA KALA MANDAL'S DANCE DRAMA

BOMBAY, Monday.

"The dawn of the New Era"—a dance drama staged by the peoples of Sangeet Nritya Kala Mandir, at Sunderabai Hall last evening was an excellent performance.

Sjt. Parvathi Kumar the director of the Mandal had ventured very successfully into an altogether new field in Indian dance—the field of Dance drama. His pupils have shown great talents and interest in contributing to the success of the recital.

INDIAN DANCE RECITAL

A programme of Indian classical and folk dances was staged in aid of the Indian Dance Academy at Excelsior on Sunday morning by Miss Shirin Vazifdar and her pupils.

The show was quite a success, considering the good response from the public.

"Harvest" a ballet of Miss Vazifdar's composition was the highlight.

League Stifling Growth Of Muslim Aspirations

BOMBAY Tuesday.

Maulana Hiz-ul-Rehman General Secretary of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema-e-Hind, addressing a Nationalist Muslim election meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Maidan, Byculla this evening said that under the garle of safeguarding Islam the Muslim League tried to stifle the growth of Muslim aspirations for the freedom of India. The Muslim League, he added, was out to exploit the Mussalmans unconditionally for the sake of the British.

The Jamiat, he explained, stood for free and unadulterated freedom for India. It claimed complete provincial autonomy in the All-India Federation. It condemned Muslim League methods of propaganda and its advocacy of the principle of separate electorates.

Mr. Salman Tyabji, who presided, said the Muslim League subordinated the good of the people to the undefined and constantly fluctuating requirements of the League High Command's all-India policy which was now being controlled by Muslim leaders in Muslim minority provinces.

MADRAS BUS WORKERS TO GO ON STRIKE

MADRAS, March 18, (A.P.I.): The Working Committee of the South Indian Bus transport Workers' Union has decided that the workers of the Union shall go on strike from April 4. As a protest against the alleged dismissal of certain workers by the management and for the redre of other grievances.

A Great DOCTOR'S OPINION of Peps

DOCTOR GORDON STABLES, M.D., C.M., R.N., the well-known Medical Authority who has personally tried out Peps antiseptic breatheable tablets, writes :—

"Peps are worthy of the highest praise. For ending coughs or for clearing the throat and bronchials I cannot imagine a more agreeable remedy. Peps soothe the irritated membrane of the air passages, larynx and even the lungs."

Dissolved in your mouth a Pepe releases rich, medicinal essences which mix with your breath and are carried deep into your lungs. Thus, Peps readily overcome infectious germs, end soreness and provide protection against coughs, colds, chills, influenza and bronchitis.

To preserve the rich concentrated essences in Peps they are packed in glass bottles and sealed with wax. Every package contains a corkscrew and full directions printed in leading languages

Take PEPS
Breatheable Tablets
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YOUR LUCK FREE
Test The Divine Power
Full year life Reading in monthly details concerning your health wealth profession, life, marriage, finance, children, causes and remedies of your failures and worries together with your Lucky Birth stone will be foretold Send no money advance Simply name any flower and letter writing time to
Prof. COMAR
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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Falgun Vad 3, 2002.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 15, 1365.
Parsi: Meher 18, 1315.
Sunrise: 6-44 a.m. Sunset: 6-50 p.m.
Hightide: 01-20, 13-45.
Lowtide: 07-29, 19-30.

Today's Engagements

MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY: Annual general meeting in the room of the Association, Elphinstone Building, Churchgate Street, at 11-30 a.m., to-day (Wednesday).

SILVERFISH MUSICAL PROGRAM: An evening with Tchaikovsky, at 6 p.m., to-day (Wednesday).

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Fiftieth Anniversary of the passing of Mr. W. Q. Judge at a special meeting, to-day (Wednesday), at 6-15 p.m., at Jehangir Wadia Building Opp. Flora Fountain.

ISMAILA STUDENTS' EDUCATION SOCIETY: A symposium on the subject "As I Look Around" of All-India Ismaili Students will be held at 6 p.m., to-day (Wednesday), at Blavatsky Lodge. Lt.-Col. Prince Aly Khan will preside.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Annual Rally and Scout Display by the Municipal Scouts and the Prize Distribution Ceremony of the Municipal Scout Sports, at 4-45 p.m. (B. T.), i.e. 5-24 p.m. (S. T.), to-day (Wednesday), on the Gilder Tank School Compound, Lamington Road. Mr. S. K. Patil, will preside.

"C" WARD MUSLIM LEAGUE: Public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay near Mahfile Khuddam-e-Chishtiyah, Abba Building, Null Bazar, Erskine Road, at 9-30 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, President, the Bombay Provincial Muslim League will preside.

ALL-INDIA RADIO MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION: The fourth annual general meeting of the Association, at 3-30 p.m., to-day (Wednesday), at Forbes Gujrati Sabha Mandir near Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay, 4.

THIRD ALL-INDIA TEXTILE EXHIBITION at V. J. T. Institute Grounds, Matunga (G. I. P.) from 5 p.m. to 9 p.m., to-day (Wednesday).

UNIVERSITY VOTERS OF BOMBAY ASSEMBLY: Voting papers of graduate voters of the University Constituency of the Bombay Assembly must be sent by post and must reach the Collector of Bombay on March 27th at the latest. Those voters, who have not received their voting papers, should ask the Collector of Bombay for duplicate papers. Voters of Greater Bombay should call at the Congress House in case of any difficulty.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), to-day.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE: Dr. R. Row to lecture on "Myc. Uprol in Culture" at Physiology theatre at 5-30 p.m. to-day.

YOUTHS' OWN UNION: Fraternisation—(with variety items) at the Cama Oriental Institute's Library Hall, starting at 6 p.m., to-day (Wednesday).

Labour And Congress Election Meetings To-day

(Congress House Announcements).

Mr. P. K. Atre and Mr. R. S. Ruikar will address a meeting of workers on Bitia Mill Maidan, New Ferguson Road, at 5-30 p.m., to-day on "Congress Pledge to Indian Labourers".

Sane Guruji will address Worli labourers at 9.00 p.m., to-day at the open maidan near Shriram Mills, Worli.

Mr. P. K. Atre and Mr. M. Y. Nurie will address an open meeting at Kamatipura, Munurwar Wada, Shankarrao Pupala Road at 9.30 p.m. today, on "Why Labour Should Vote Congress". Mr. S. L. Silam will proside.

MATRIC PAPERS' DELAY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Matriculation Examination of the Bombay University, which began today, was delayed at some of the city centres owing to the non-receipt in time of question papers. Extra time was permitted to make up for the delay. The delay was due to the fact that papers were printed in a new press consequent on the strike of the Government press workers.

Nearly 10,000 students are appearing for the examination from Bombay city alone.

Fund For Needy Zoroastrians

Duly audited thirteen-month accounts of the above mentioned fund show that Rs 6,082 were received as donations, out of which the sum of Rs. 4,875-8-0 was utilised for the needy Zoroastrians leaving a balance of Rs. 1,206-8. The total of expenditure, viz., Rs. 4,875-8 includes the sums of Rs. 4,022 ((for grains), Rs 321 (for medicines), Rs 151 (for meeting rental arrears), etc., Mr. Daji meeting expenses out of his own pocket, for printing handbills etc and conveyance Mr. Daji hopes charitably disposed Zoroastrians will continue to help the fund to enable him to help the really needy and destitute these hard days.

Girl Student's Tragic End

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Miss Conception Pinto a student, who was walking across a congested road in the Girgaum locality yesterday was run down by a B.E.S.T. bus and killed on the spot. Her body was removed to the morgue for an inquest.

Man Severely Assaulted Succumbs To Injuries

Ilahibux Rahimkhan, who was assaulted severely near his residence at Bandra on Sunday, by a person or persons, untraced so far, succumbed to his injuries at K.E.M. Hospial where he had been removed.

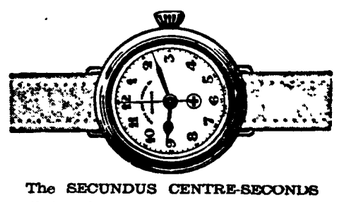
The inquest on the body was postponed pending enquiries and the apprehension of the assailants.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, March 20.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8.0 a.m. News (H) 8.15 News (E) 8.30 Ahmed Jan Thrikwa 8-50 News (M) 9.0 News (G) 9.10 A. D. Vartak 9.30 Azambai (Kolhapur). 12.0 p.m. Baton Baton men (H) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 News (H) 1.0 Krishnabai Bahutule (M) 1.15 Radhabai K. Rao 1-30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 Radhabai K. Rao 4.30 Raag Bhimpalas 4.45 Ahmed Jan Thrikwa 5.15 "Jivan Vasant" (G) 5.45 Topical Talk 5.55 Locals 6.0 Kavya Wachan (M) 6.15 Shaikhlal Qawwal 6.30 News (E) 6.40 News (H) 6.45 Kavi Parampara 7.0 Buddhi Vardhak Mandal 7-30 Radio Zankar (M) 8.0 Tandurusti Hazar Nemat Hai (H) 8.15 News (M) 8.30 News (G) 8.45 Readings from Classics 9.0 News (H) 9.15 News (E) 9.30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9.45 Science 10-0 Latafat Husain 10.30 Azambai.

The NURSE .... and her watch!

In producing the 10½" Siz Secundus Centre—Seconds wrist watch, we aimed at providing the Nurse with a positively reliable time—keeper in an attractive design and size which is dressy enough for the smartest occasion yet of immense practical value to her in her work, for the "Centre—Seconds" hand enables accurate timing observations to be made with ready facility. On or off duty, Nurses will find satisfaction and pleasure in owning this watch.

The SECUNDUS CENTRE-SECONDS
Rolled Gold, 10 Years' Quality .. Rs. 61
A Nurse writes:—
"At the end of 1926 (or beginning of 1927) I purchased a Wrist Watch from your firm. It has been a marvellous little time-keeper and most reliable Except for once cleaning, it has never been under repair. . . . . ."
(Sd.) E. M. M. T. (Miss).
Due to irregular arrivals, it may not be possible to supply all the patterns advertised, but every effort will be made to execute orders as far as our stocks permit us to do so.
WEST END WATCH Co.
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

From SAT. 23rd
WADIA'S Latest Social
SHARBATI
ANKHEN
VANMALA, ISHWARLAL, HARISH. etc.
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sun. Holi. 1 p.m.
Advance Booking 10 to 12 noon
Directed by RAMCHANDRA THAKUR.
MINERVA

TOMORROW at 4 p.m.

ONE OF THE BRAVEST DAUGHTERS OF MOTHER INDIA
WHO FOUGHT FOR THE HONOUR AND INDEPENDENCE OF HER MOTHERLAND
COMES TO THE SCREEN
in
RANJIT'S
HISTORICAL CLASSIC
Rajputani
Starring:
VEENA
with JAIRAJ, BIPIN GUPTA, GULAM MOHMED & others.
Director: ASPI
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10—Sun. Matinee 1-15
Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30
AJIT Release

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Correction given in anger, however tempered by reason, never has so much effect as that which is given altogether without anger; for the reasonable soul being naturally subject to reason, it is a mere tyranny which subjects it to passion, it becomes odious, and its just rule obnoxious.

—S. Francis De Sales.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE LAST CHAPTER

The departure of the British Cabinet Mission for India to negotiate with her a Treaty of Independence marks the beginning of the last chapter in the history of British rule in India. But let us hope it will be the beginning of a new era of cordial relations between free India and free Britain. We share the Congress President's hope of a settlement which "should be satisfactory to India to Britain and the world". And that we do for the very reason stated by him that an independent India today would be "a great guarantee of peace throughout the world and will stem the tide of ambitions all round." An independent India is also very likely to cultivate far better relations, political, economic and cultural, with Britain than have ever existed before. It is, therefore, necessary for the Cabinet Mission to realise the urgency of the Congress President's demand that India's settlement should be "lifted out of local and internal conditions and placed on the basis of the world's demand for peace and, therefore, the strengthening of India's defence by Indians themselves".

As the chances of a satisfactory Indo-British settlement are now better than ever before, it behoves every party in India to co-operate with the Mission in a common attempt to bring about such a settlement, though it is but natural that each party should emphasise its special demand or point of view. It is necessary, as Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru points out, that none should indulge in petty-mindedness or in party prejudices. The first few days' programme of the Mission as announced by the official communique, shows that the Mission desires interviews with representatives of all important parties or interests, assuming, of course, that the interviews announced are only a few of the earliest ones so far arranged. Though the All-India States People's Conference and the Hindu Mahasabha are not included in the communique, we feel sure that these and several other bodies will have their interviews soon enough. We cannot believe any important body will be ignored or will non-co-operate with the Mission on being invited to confer with it. Any body non-co-operating with it will, in the circumstances, only let the judgment go against it by default. The same will be the fate of a body which only indulges in slogans but is not prepared to support its demands with arguments, facts and figures. Threats of coercive action may be necessary when methods of discussion and persuasion have been tried and failed but are futile without them.

It appears from the announced programme of the Mission that Dr. Ambedkar and Rao Bahadur Sivaraj are chosen as the best accredited leaders of the Scheduled castes. But they are not so. The Scheduled Castes' Federation, which they represent, is only a recently got up body and represents only a section of the Harijan community. Some other institutions are older and more representative. The most unexceptionable course for the Harijans in speaking authoritatively before the Mission is for their representatives in the Provincial Legislatures to meet in a convention as soon as possible after all the Provincial elections are over and elect their representatives to confer with the Mission. We note that Dr. Ambedkar has held out what he evidently regards as a threat that "if the British and the Indian nationals will not help the scheduled castes the scheduled castes are not without friends in the nations of the world. Even as a threat this is too vague to be taken seriously, but there is no chance of the Indian nationals failing to come to a workable settlement with the accredited representatives of Harijans in the Constituent Assembly, if not earlier. It is clear, however, that, as Mr. Attlee himself has conceded, no minority will be allowed "to place a veto on the advance of a majority", a principle that the Mission dare not disregard.

Frankly Speaking

Franco And Powers

General Franco has tried a reply to the United States white book on Spanish collaboration with the Germans during the war. He will naturally try to protest his innocence as loudly and strongly as he can, denying this and explaining away that. But all this is irrelevant. His guilt is no longer the issue. Put into power against the will of the Spanish people by Hitler and Mussolini, he did not fail to render every service he possibly could to his masters during the war and while the tide ran in their favour. In fact, some of the charges against Franco have recently been corroborated at Nuremberg by Goering himself. What the democracies are concerned with now is the problem of ridding Spain of Franco. And it is this problem which needs to be tackled in earnest now.

Significant Change

If the Russians denounce British policy in Greece, it is not merely a tactical manoeuvre in the Anglo-Russian international duel. Facts justify their attack. The British cannot deny that their election policy amounts to rendering support and assistance to the Right. Indeed, the Greek Premier, the man whom the British support, has now, according to a report, himself felt obliged to admit that the necessary pre-requisites for free elections—law and order—do not exist in Greece to-day. And he makes quite clear what he means, too, when he adds that "all over the country monarchist candidates alone are able to move about freely". This is very significant retracing by M. Sophoulis from the position to which he had so far stubbornly stuck. Clearly it is now the duty of Sophoulis and the British to postpone the elections and then create the necessary pre-requisites for a free election.

Shariar-Mook Talks

It is due not to the British and the Dutch but to the wisdom and statesmanship of the Indonesian leaders that the talks between Dr. Shariar and Dr. Van Mook did not break down almost as soon as they were opened. The British and the Dutch had not by any means failed to offer disastrous provocation to the Indonesians. And it is again due to Indonesian statesmanship that these talks have so far continued to make progress, so that "informed circles", according to Reuter's Correspondent, are encouraged to believe that a truce may possibly be arranged shortly. Such a truce will be welcome but it will not constitute a guarantee of ultimate success. That success can only be achieved if the Dutch concede the fundamental Indonesian demand of complete freedom. And so long as that demand is not conceded, the situation, we fear, will remain "Tense" as it is admittedly to be.

Jawaharlal In Malaya

There is a strikingly noteworthy change in the British attitude towards India and Indians. This is, of course, mainly due to the demands of the situation, which can no longer be evaded. And the adaptability of the British in such circumstances is proverbial. Its most spectacular evidence to date is the visit of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to Malaya. He who, till yesterday was a rebel deserving nothing better than imprisonment is to-day being entertained and feted by Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten himself. We know the reason, as we have already, suggested. But we welcome the co-operative attitude of the SEAC Command and the British not because of the triumphal nature of Jawaharlal's reception but because his visit will afford moral help and encouragement to Indians in Malaya, particularly to those who are suffering directly or indirectly for the crime of what was essentially patriotism during the war. Equally important, it will enable India to secure first hand information about the general situation in Malaya, the condition and position of her nationals in that country and their future under the proposed new constitution.

A Timely Warning

Mr. Arthur Henderson Under-Secretary for India, stated in the Commons on Monday that 250,000 tons of wheat are expected to arrive in India from America and Australia between March 3 and April 30, in addition to nearly as many tons which have already arrived from December 30, 1945 to March 2. But he failed to add how much more was needed to cover even the minimum requirements of this country. The quantities so far imported this year are hardly satisfactory compared with the 4,000,000 tons needed for the next nine months or at least 2,000,000 tons by the end of June. Sir Sonti Ramamurti, the Food Adviser of the Madras Government, does not exaggerate the gravity of the situation when he states that if even these minimum needs are not supplied in time "ten millions will die—and not easily". Nor is it an exaggeration for him to warn that "if India fails to get help, the bitterness that will be caused will poison the relations of India and Anglo-Americans for decades. India bled herself white to help the Allies during the war. If she fails to get now enough cereals for good price to be saved from starvation the consequences are bound to be terrible.

STOP EXPORTS TO MEET CLOTH FAMINE

Corporation's Appeal To Govt.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation on Tuesday at a special meeting passed the resolution of Mr. P. M. Chinai, inviting the attention of the Government of Bombay to the great hardships caused to the public of Bombay by the acute shortage of cloth in the city.

Mr. Chinai emphasised that export of cloth should be stopped and the first supply made to the children of the soil. Then, he said, there should be equal distribution. The mill-owners were making profits to the tune of crores of rupees and paying taxes to the Government by crores. He failed to see why the millowners should not reduce the prices and pay less taxes.

Mr. Gurdhandas G. Morarji seconded the resolution.

The resolution was carried.

Plan For Better Houses

Bombay Panel's Scheme For Greater Bombay

Mr. S. L. Balam, Chairman of the Housing Panel appointed by the Government of Bombay in connection with the Greater Bombay Scheme, held a Press Conference on Tuesday afternoon in the office of Dr. J. F. Balsara, Deputy Municipal Commissioner, when the released the report prepared by the Housing Planning Committee.

The report covers a number of items such as housing condition in Bombay, overcrowding, slums in the city, and provision for 12 lakhs of people etc. It is proposed to remove slums in the next twenty-five years.

The Housing scheme in the city and the suburbs will cost approximately Rs. 108.40 crores

FIVE-YEAR PLAN FOR RATLAM

(From Our Correspondent)

RATLAM, March 16.

Lt.-Col. W. F. Campbell, Resident for the Central India States, accompanied by Lady Campbell and party, visited Ratlam.

Speaking at a special cinema show arranged by the Food Advisory Council recently set up by H. H. the Maharaja in connection with the threatened food crisis in the country, the Resident stressed the need for giving an impetus to the grow-more-food campaign. While appreciating the work being done by the Council to tackle the food problem, he deprecated the tendency to waste and advised strict economy. He also assured his whole-hearted support to measures to be formulated by the Council His Highness was present at the function.

The Food Council, which is an advisory body, consists of 14 non-officials and 6 officials with the Chief Minister as Chairman.

Earlier, Mr. T. J. Raja, Chief Minister, stated four cheap grain shops were functioning in Ratlam and over thousand families were taking advantage of the facilities. He informed the public that total loss incurred in running the shops amounted to Rs. 75,000/- and added that the State contributed Rs. 57,000/-.

The Resident visited the Sajjan Club accompanied by His Highness, and also the Zanana Hospital and Maternity Home. He evinced keen interest in the five-year programme of providing education, medical relief, etc. to the public. Owing to the food crisis, no entertainment was arranged at the Resident's own request.

NEW MOSQUE TO BE BUILT

Compound To Be Excluded From Asylum Grounds

HYDERABAD, (Dn), March 18, (API): Government have consented to construct a new mosque in the Dichpalli Leper Asylum, according to a communique issued by the Nizam's Government today.

The communique says: Assurances conveyed to Muslim Representatives, with the consent of the Mission authoritatives at "Shah Manzil" on Friday, (March 15), and accepted by them were that (1) in place where the mosque was alleged to have been situated in the compound of the Dichpalli Leper Asylum, a new mosque will be constructed, (2) that Government will defray the cost of the above construction and (3) that the part of the compound where the mosque is to be constructed will be excluded from the grounds of the Asylum.

The communique adds that orders have been issued to the department concerned for immediate action.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Neglected Trees

I should like to complain to you that there are lot of huge barren trees of dangerous characters on the roadside in Kurla within the Kurla municipal area which are a menace to the public lives and properties. These trees are neglected and uncared for with the result that they have shot huge bulky branches in various directions disturbing the electric and telegraph poles and wires and the roots of the houses nearby. These barren huge trees with bulky branches swing like anything whenever there is a gale and shake at the root. There is every possibility of such trees giving way someday or other. Just imagine what will be the fate of the poles, wires and houses, their inmates and the passers-by, when they give way. What amount of damage will they cause and how many lives will they kill.

Is it not the duty of the authorities concerned to examine such trees, trim their branches and fell them in the interest of the public lives and properties if they are found to be a nuisance. I am sorry to state that nothing of the kind is being done by the authorities.

M. Y. DALVI.

Municipal Telugu Schools

The Municipal Telugu schools have come into existence after strenuous efforts made by leading Telugus of Bombay after 1927. The Telugu speaking population in Bombay is considerable and looking to the condition of the schools as they are functioning today, I cannot but characterise the situation as deplorable in the extreme. Most of the children belong to working classes and hence the schools will have to be conducted in such a way as to attract more of them to attend. The attendance of children is dwindling day by day I suggest that more than inspection work, organising work is most essential Unless the Municipality appoint a whole time organiser not only to start schools in the localities where there are non-attending Telugu children but also to ensure regular attendance and thereby infuse more life, I am afraid, even the existing schools will have to close down before long. The organiser to be appointed must be paid decently so as to attract a really competent person. The present method of arranging, a meeting here and a meeting there, by the Special Attendence Officer will not in my opinion, help the situation so far as the Telugu schools in the city are concerned.

N. C. NARSINHA ACHARYA.

Bombay, Jan. 26.

THE ASSEMBLY LAST WEEK

BY A STRANGER IN THE HOUSE

NEW DELHI, (By Air Mail).

The Assembly has been busy in the past week making cuts in the Central Government's budget. Since the time allotted to the various parties is of necessity limited, it is inevitable that the choice of topics on which to raise a disscussion is arbitrary. That accounts for the fact that for instance, the Congress Party's cut motions were on comparatively unimportant aspects of governmental activity, such as Civil Aviation and Information, while those of the Muslim League Party were on the issues of communal ratios in service and facilities for the export of hides.

Sir Gurunath Bewoor the Secretary for Posts and Air, faced an unusually irate opposition when the demand for Civil Aviation came before the House. The Congress member from Bengal who moved a token cut set the tone with a vehement charge of racialism directed against Sir Frederick Tymms, the Director-General of Civil Aviation. The gravamen of the charge appeared to be that not only the Director-General but the Deputy Directors-General and even the departmental Directors, except one, were going to be British and not Indian. Even allowing for the dearth of experienced Indians who could successfully man such senior posts, the picture presented certainly left the House with a feeling that a passion for Indianisation did not exactly animate the Department. Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, the Leader of the Opposition, lent his weight to the indictment made by the mover. His reproaches resulted in a reply by Sir Gurunath Bewoor which showed that he was deeply stung at the suggestion that he had failed in doing his bit for Indianisation.

"I am here", he pleaded, "because of the policy of Indianisation you have been pressing. I deny that we have lent ourselves to any subterfuge for the employment of Britishers." Sir Gurunath pointed out how Government policy had closed the door to the slightest infiltration by British or other foreign capital by reason of the provision that all operators of air lines were to have Indian capital and Indian management. Even the East India and West India Airways Corporations, which will fly foreign services between India and countries in the East and the West respectively, would each have an Indian operator running the services with the Indian Government also having a stake. All this, as well as the fact that companies like Tatas had all but completely Indianised their flying and ground staff showed that Civil Aviation was, indeed, a national enterprise. Towards the end of his reply Sir Gurunath had to meet a considerable amount of interruption, and when he sat down those who watched the debate were left with the feeling that he had been denied a fair opportunity of stating his case. This was the first occasion on which a section of Honourable Members had shown a reluctance to listen to the other man's point of view. It was particularly deplorable that the victim of such a temper should have been a distinguished Indian Serviceman, who has been, throughout his career, noted for his integrity and high patriotism.

Drastic Step

On Tuesday the Assembly took the drastic step of reducing by Rs. 93,34,000 the total allocation of Rs. 1,38,00,000 for the Information Department. The various activities of the Department like the Information Films Film Publicity, Research and Reference, and the new Arts Section—all came in for their share of criticism. The refusal of supplies for the larger part of its activities is perhaps the price paid by the Information Department for the irritation it has caused throughout the country by its pro-war and anti-national propaganda during the years of the war.

Piquancy was lent to the situation by the promptness with which Sir Akbar Hydari, the Member-in-Charge of the portfolio, came forward to express his readiness to accept the cut and to shut down part of his shop if the Assembly voted for the motion. While this offer might have caused a measure of surprise in a house which had been so used for years now to have its wishes consistently flouted, it certainly failed to produce the consternation which perhaps Sir Akbar Hydari, with his sardonic humour might have anticipated. Glad to be taken at their word, the Congress and League parties cheerfully voted the cut by 61 votes to 40. Indeed if any chagrin was felt, it was at the fact that the mover of the cut Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, had made an error in framing his motion, and the Publications Department which has been doing propaganda for the Government in the middle eastern and other foreign countries consequently escaped the axe. It is rumoured that later in the week officials who are receiving notice of termination of their services as a result of this cut, have been making approaches to Opposition leaders with the plea that they might be satisfied with the psychological victory and should now offer to restore the cuts. Intelligent observers doubt, however, whether the Congress Party would allow itself to be stultified by being a party to any such arrangement just to keep in office a few officials who in any event, did rather well for themselves during the war years. But that the effort is being made is a fact

Sarat Bose's Revelations

The next cut motion was that by Mr. Vadilal Lallubhai of the Congress Party to censure Government on their "irresponsibility, inefficiency and corruption in administration". Being of an omnibus nature, this motion gave scope for a variety of complaints to be made ranging from the failure to constitute Baluchistan into a separate province to the maltreatment given to prisoners like Jaya Prakash Narayan, Ram Manohar Lohia and Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar.

The climax to this discussion came when Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, the Leader of the Opposition, read out verbatim three letters, copies of which had fallen into his hands. Two of these were written by the Chief of General Staff, G.H.Q. and the third by the General Officer Commanding Eastern Command. As the gist of these letters has been published in the press, their contents need not be gone into again, but there is no doubt that their cumulative effect was to convince Honourable Members that, while suave words and sweetly evasive answers were given to questions on the floor of the House, a very different kind of mind was at work in the higher military and civil administrations. Cheers and cries of 'shame' punctuated the disclosure. As Mr. Bose read the three letters, Government Members sat dumb-founded utterly at a loss to explain either the policy indicated in the letters or the leakage. The letters rang so true that it did not even strike them to question their authenticity. Sir Edward Benthall who replied to the debate maintained complete silence of the point, leaving the House with a feeling that Government had been caught red-handed.

Beggar My Neighbour

It was a bit of a come down the next day when the Muslim League Party's cut motion in regard to the export of hides occupied the House. In their anxiety to secure favourable prices in export market for Indian skins and hides, the Muslim League members appeared to overlook the undesirability of the export of a raw material of this nature from this country—at least until tanning and processing operations had been completed. This corrective note was sounded by one or two Congress speakers, and when the cut motion was put to the House, the Congress party abstained from voting either with or against the League, with the result that the motion was defeated by Government Members.

At this stage guillotine was applied and the Demands were put to the House one after another. The Congress Party had selected two Grants, viz., that for the Governor-General's Council and for the Home Department, for formal rejection. The refusal of supplies for the Governor-General's Council was carried by a comfortable majority, the Muslim League remaining neutral in retaliation for the Congress Party's neutrality earlier. By the time, however, the Grant for the Home Department came on for voting, the irritation on the League benches had increased sufficiently to make them go and vote in the Government lobby for the maintenance of the Home Department Grant, thus giving the Government a majority of 10 votes over the Opposition. The net result was that each of the three sides had suffered a defeat in succession—the League over hides, the Government over the Viceroy's Council and the Congress over the Home Department! Honours were thus even, and it is presumed that everyone went home equally, happy or unhappy except perhaps detached watchers who might have failed to enter into the spirit of the game of "Beggar my Neighbour" which the Muslim League Party seems to enjoy playing such a lot!

The Shadow

The week's deliberations concluded early on Friday afternoon with the reference of the In-come-tax Amending Bill to a Select Committee. Earlier in the week there had been considerable speculation as to what attitude the Congress Party would adopt over the Finance Bill. It was believed that, while some members favoured adherence to the traditional Congress policy of rejecting the entire Bill on the broad political issue of "no taxation without representation" some Congress members held the view that, if they could obtain some concessions, particularly in the form of relief in indirect taxation on the masses, they would be justified in foregoing the formal rejection of the Finance Bill, which would in any event by certified by the Viceroy. It is understood that Sir Archibald Rowlands, the Finance Member, had offered to accept constructive amendments by the Opposition if they, in their turn, spared the Bill as a whole. There can be little doubt, however, as to what will ultimately happen. It is inconceivable that at a time when the demand for a responsible National Government at the Centre is the bed-rock of the National demand, the Congress can allow the Finance Bill to be passed unopposed. What may be expected therefore is that, at the end of several days' general discussion, on a motion for the consideration of the Bill, the Opposition will endeavour to throw out the entire Bill, without going into an examination of its Clauses or moving amendments to them. In that event it is unlikely that the Muslim League will take any other line than that of joining hands to throw out the Bill, thus indicating, perhaps for the last time, this annual pageant of Crown versus Parliament. Even, however, as the debate over the Finance Bill proceeds next week, the shadow of the plane carrying the Cabinet Mission will fall across the Assembly building opening up new possibilities which will vitally affect the deliberations and even the character of this Assembly.

A THEOSOPHICAL ANNIVERSARY.

(By Theophil)

While our Parsee and Iranee brothers will celebrate the 21st of March as their New Year under the name of "Jamshed-i-Nowroz", our other Indian brothers will also celebrate this day of the Spring Equinox as a festival in Nature - the Birthday of Spring.

The twenty-first of March has a special significance for aspirants of the higher life, seekers of truth and of wisdom. Students of theosophy all over the world will honour on that date the memory of a great soul—William Quan Judge—the fiftieth anniversary of whose death falls tomorrow.

Born on the 13th of April 1851 in Dublin, Ireland, with the inheritance of psycho-spiritual sensitiveness of the Irish race, Mr. Judge, after spending his childhood in that country, migrated with his family to the New World at the tender age of thirteen, landing in New York on 14th July 1864. After a lapse of eight years he became a citizen of the United States of America in 1872. Meeting Madame H. P. Blavatsky in 1874, he recognised in her his old Guru and co-worker in the cause of the spiritual welfare of humanity.

While working hard at his profession, he consecrated his life to the study and service of Theosophy. With patience and fortitude he slowly but steadily built up the entire Theosophical Movement in the United States of America.

Not confining his labours merely to the country of his adoption, he travelled far to offer the fruits of his devotion to our sacred land of India. Arriving here in 1884 he lectured on the 18th of July in this very city of Bombay in the hall of the Framji Cowasji Institute. Later, on his way to Adyar, Madras, he delivered lectures at Poona, at Hyderabad, at Secunderabad and at Gooty. He loved India for the soul of her people, he cherished India as the sacred land of his Guru's Guru. He came to help H. P. Blavatsky in her giant task of bringing home to us Indians our lost heritage of spiritual wisdom.

Rendering into English the priceless gems of "Patanjali's Yoga Sutras" and the mystic shlokas of the "Bhagavad Gita" he rendered yeoman service both to the East and the West. Arousing American interest in the Oriental Culture he made possible the able presentation of the Indian religious philosophy in the famous Parliament of Religions at Chicago in 1893 by such representatives as Swami Vivekananda, Angarika Dharmapala and Dr. Gnyanendranath Chakravarti.

The great disciple after completing his noble work left his body at the comparatively young age of forty-four on the 21st March 1896. To celebrate his Fiftieth Anniversary his students are holding a Special Commemoration Meeting to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m., at the United Lodge of Theosophists Opposite Flora Fountain.

(Continued From Col. 7)

regal special, not accompanied by Maxwells and Hallets and not in order to issue Ordinances but respectfully to receive them.

Our sympathies are entirely with the Noble Marquess.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"The Qaid-e-Azam has pointed out some of the glaring inconsistencies in the speech in a statement issued on Saturday, and brief though that statement is it has a tone of quiet confidence which is in noticeable contrast to Premier Attlee's laboured outburst".

—The Muslim League's "Dawn".

* * *

The Congress President in reply to Mr. Jinnah's statement says it was the latter who was responsible for the failure of Congress-League talks in the Punjab.

This is, of course, quite true. But it is obviously another fraud to bamboozle, etc., etc. And it is a grave provocation.

* * *

Incidentally, we were rather surprised to discover the Junior Colleague gravely studying the two statements.

But when asked about it, his only comment was that the Congress President had never attained and could never attain even to half the great heights of the Qaid-e-Azam's eloquence

* * *

The Punjab Provincial Muslim League Council is to consider a resolution to the effect that if Pakistan is not conceded the All-India Muslim League Council should be recommended to launch a no rent campaign in British India.

We heartily support the resolution hoping and praying most fervently that, before the proposal is inevitaby withdrawn or shelved, members of both the Punjab and All-India Councils will discuss it thoroughly. And in public.

* * *

This resolution also urges the All-India Muslim League Council to set up a constitution making body to frame a constitution for the Pakistan areas.

It should be passed, too, along with an amendment to the effect that the Council begs to remind itself that at least a meeting, if not a report, of the constitution making body appointed by itself some four years ago is rather—er—overdue.

* * *

Flown to Singapore in a special plane, received by a representative of SEAC, driven with Admiral Mountbatten and mobbed by wildly cheering crowds Jawaharlal in Malaya is making world news. Which is very deplorable and very unfair and full of grave dangers to the success of the Cabinet Mission and a just solution of the Indian Constitutional problem.

But even now it isn't, we hope, too late. The Viceroy must immediately sponsor another special visit to Malaya by, say, Prince Liaquat Ali Khan or, perhaps better still, by Kazi Md. Isa.

* * *

Dr. Ambedkar threatens that if the British ignore the Scheduled Castes, the latter "know whom to look for help.....That such a step may prove fatal to the British, as well as to the Hindus, goes without saying".

We trust the Cabinet Mission will solemnly assure Dr. Ambedkar that the British never never will withdraw their protection from Dr. Ambedkar.

* * *

Lord Linlithgow, according to a London report, is going to America on a long but undisclosed mission.

But, unfortunately not in a Vice-

(Continued in col. 6)

FOOD FRONT

THE AUTHORITIES NEED YOUR ACTIVE HELP

THE need for the strictest observance of the various orders designed to conserve food supplies was never greater than now when a serious food shortage is facing the country. The authorities appeal to you:-

1) to observe the laws strictly and

2) to report at once the names and other details of the food law breakers. Such information will be treated as confidential.

Remember the motto: Every citizen an Inspector.

THOSE WHO BREAK THE FOOD LAWS ARE TO-DAY YOUR ENEMY NO 1

Expropriate Foreign Assets, Demands Chamanlal

CONGRESS LAUNCHES ATTACK ON FINANCE BILL

Will League Back Out Of Move To Throw It Out?

NEW DELHI, March 19. (A.P.I.): Opening the debate on the first reading of the Finance Bill to-day, Dewan Chamanlal, on behalf of the Congress Party, opposed the Bill. The Finance Member's proposals, he said, should be considered in the context of the situation in India which had assumed an explosive aspect, such as he had never known before; they should be considered in the context of the new order of conscious, purposeful planning in the interests of the people of India, who were conscious of their power and were determined to achieve freedom (hear, hear).

While the Finance Member had streamlined and simplified parts of the tax structure, he had at one stroke removed the Excess Profits Tax at the cost of about 75 crores to the poverty stricken masses of the country for whose benefit the money could have been used.

Not only decrease in defence expenditure, but positive action was necessary to secure the amenities of civilised existence for the masses. What happened to the Death Duties Bill which the previous Finance Member promised?

Sir Archibald Rowlands interrupting indicated that the Bill would be brought before the House in two or three days.

Dewan Chamanlal complained that the Bill was being brought at the tail end of the session. Nevertheless, out of a measure of this kind alone, the National Government would receive some 300 crores.

Dewan Chamanlal suggested that if tobacco and match industries, which at present were in the hands of foreign combines, were nationalised, the National Government would get about a hundred crores. If proper methods to counteract tax evasion were adopted, the Government would get some 600 or 700 crores. The Tax Collection Department should be strengthened, he suggested, for this purpose. 'Pari Passu' with decreasing defence expenditure, there should be mounting expenditure on planning and development till it reached the peak of Rs. 1,000 crores a year.

He suggested that the Yules, the Sassoons and other Scottish and British tea planters had some 200 million sterling of assets still in India. These should be expropriated and the owners paid out of the sterling balances lying in England. "Suspend retrenchment", he urged. "Raise the standard of the working classes. Reduce working hours. Let us have our Beveridge Plan, a charter for the masses. The past belonged to classes, The future belongs to the masses.

NO FAVOUR FOR WHITES.

Mr. C. P. Lawson (European Group) said that in the coming constitutional changes his community would ask for no special concessions. "We shall only ask for those forms of protection which will protect everybody without sufficient voice in the legislatures, or indeed those who have no voice at all. We shall ask only for a fair field and no favour; and we shall ask that there shall be no expropriation".

Continuing Mr. Lawson said that the Cabinet Mission, would leave for India to-day and events were crowding upon us at an almost unbelievable speed. Round the corner there were two paths—one leading to complete freedom and the other to failure and chaos. He earnestly hoped that the leaders of this country would be given wisdom to turn that corner and take the path which would lead us to happiness and freedom and not to chaos. (Cheers).

Earlier Mr. Lawson referred to the serious food problem and urged Government to tackle it not Departmentally—as was now being done—but by the Government as a whole.

Khan Bahadur Habibur Rahman (Muslim League) said that the masses, who were hard hit by direct and indirect taxation, were not given relief.

Mr. Kishen Chandra Sharma (Congress) said that the present Executive Council was incapable of meeting the situation in India. The only honest course for them would be to resign. "By remaining in Office any longer they will be guilty of treason to the people".

Lt.-Col. J. C. Chatterjee (Nominated) referred to the forthcoming constitutional negotiations and said that the Indian Christian Community had not the smallest desire to stand in the way of progress; on the other hand they wanted progress. They had never believed in communal safeguards and reservations. They had always stood for joint electorates and for appointment in the services on merit.

Supporting the Finance Bill, Lt-Col. Chatterjee said that the Finance Member had been responsive to criticism and extended his right hand of friendship.

SAD TALE OF NEGLECT

Chowdhury Mohammad Ismail Khan (League) referring to the food situation said that it had been a sad tale of neglect despite propaganda carried on about the grow-more-food campaign.

Mr. B. Mahapatra (Congress) asked what Government had done to improve agriculture in India, a predominantly agricultural country

Mr Ram Narayan Singh (Congress) said that in view of coming events speeches from the Opposition on the Finance Bill had been naturally temperate. If the British wanted to free India, they must do it even at the risk of civil war.

He asked for the abolition of the salt tax.

Mr. Yusuf Haroon (League) said that the Congress Party had decided to throw out the Finance Bill for political reasons which meant the party had not given any consideration to the Bill on merits. He suggested that the Bill would be considered by the Muslim League on merits. He was not there to say what the Muslim League Party's attitude would be. He would, however, ask the Finance Member to understand the point of view put forward by the League.

Mr. Haroon had not concluded his speech when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

Spain Refutes U. S. Charges

"Germany Too Complains About Spanish Concessions To Allies"

MADRID, Mar. 18 (Reuter).—The Spanish reply to the United States white book on alleged Spanish collaboration with the Germans during the war, was published in Madrid tonight.

The reply was formally handed to Mr. Philip Bonsal, the United States Charge d'Affaires, and a copy sent to the British Ambassador, Sir Vincent Mallet today.

The Spanish reply refutes in detail only two of the 15 documents contained in the white book. The remaining 13 referred to the period when the United States was not yet in the war and when, according to the reply, "It was unaffected by the conduct of another equally neutral nation."

One document to which the Spanish reply refers is listed as document number 14 pledging Spain to resist any British or American attempt to enter Spanish territory. The reply states that this document was the minutes of an agreement as a consequence of the sale of arms by Germany to Spain. Germany had demanded a guarantee that arms which she supplied from her own stocks should not be used to reinforce the military strength of her enemies.

The other document is number 15 "in which" the Spanish reply says: "The essential fact is that Germany complains bitterly about concessions to Allies and that General Francisco Franco endorses and ratifies Spanish policy."

EUROPEANS TO RESCUE OF SIND LEAGUE MINISTRY

(Continued from Page 1.)

gue forming a ministry in Sind, I at least had no doubt in my mind that he spoke and expressed what he honestly believed to be true. It was not likely that those who had decided at his back to torpedo his welcome lead would have had the courage to tell him in plain words that it was on their responsibility that the Congress was prevented from achieving its mission in Sind.

Following the failure of the negotiations, said Mr. Gazder, he was made the butt end of the ridicule and violent propaganda. He had addressed a communication to the Premier and the League High Command but nothing had been done.

He said: "In the name of the Muslim League, they want to exploit the masses and indulge in such acts of lawlessness. Men like me find it difficult to associate in such matters. Men like me are compelled to support the Government in the name of discipline. The particular set of Ministers is neither Muslim nor do they believe in Quoran or the Muslim League. I must voice my protest against this".

Mr. G. M. Syed in a lengthy statement clarified his position in regard to the Muslim League and the present League party. Claiming that he was mainly responsible for the building up of the Muslim League organisation in the province, Mr. Syed said that his group represented the progressive elements of the Muslim League and were, therefore, expelled from the official League. The Muslim League was prepared to coalesce with the Congress and even with the Hindu Mahasabha who were directly opposed to the Pakistan issue, but with the progressive elements of the League the so-called High Command refused, even to say a word.

He appealed for a reshuffle of the Ministry to the satisfaction of all parties and acceptable to the two major parties.

UNHOLY ALLIANCE

Sir Ghulam Hussain, Premier, admits interruptions, called the coalition as an unholy and unnatural alliance and said that there was no common programme between the three groups that composed the Coalition Party. Sir Ghulam Hussain said that Mr. Syed had only three followers on the other side but while he was in the Muslim League, he was the uncrowned king. In the Coalition Party he had 22 highly intellectual people and they had elected him as the leader only to make him their tool. Speaking about the Congress-League coalition, Sir Ghulam Hussain asserted that his offer of two seats to the Congress still stood. The Congress could nominate two Hindu members for the Cabinet.

Referring to the opposition's criticism of the commutation of the death sentence on Allan Khan, Sir Ghulam Hussain contended that the prerogative of mercy of the Provincial Government could not be the subject of discussion by the Assembly.

After a short reply by Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur, the House divided and the "no-confidence" motion was defeated by 30 votes against 29.

The Speaker announced that notice of another "no-confidence" motion matured to-day but ruled that no such motion could be moved in the same session, once it was decided.

The House adjourned till to-morrow when the voting on Budget demands will begin.

"Syed Must Surrender Unconditionally"

KARACHI: Mr. M. H. Gazdar has received a telegram from Mr. Jinnah directing him that no negotiations with Mr. G. M. Syed should take place unless and until Mr. Syed has unreservedly apologised and unconditionally surrendered to the League High Command.

Mr. G. M. Syed told Pressmen this morning that there is no change in the progress of the talks.

The Sportsman's Sportfolio

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

At long last "The Times of India" Cricket Shield Tournament has come to an end. It is claimed to be the biggest cricket tournament in India", because it entertained as many as 64 teams. All of them are office clubs. I fail to understand why such a large number of teams is accepted in one competition. As it is impossible that most of them are of the same class, would it not be better to divide them into at least two sections and make them more evenly balanced? That would surely make the matches more interesting. And the competitions would be over much sooner. How can anybody have a bit of interest left if a competition is dragged on for months? The empty stands at the Brabourne Stadium clearly proclaimed the public view when the final match was staged last week. The Tournament Committee would be wiser to divide or reduce the number of entries to a reasonable figure next season.

B.B.C.I.'S SUCCESS.

The B.B.C.I. Railway regained the trophy after the lapse of eleven years. Those Stalwarts who had helped them to win if years ago have long retired from the field. New blood of their type have not yet come forward to take their places. The war must have been a serious handicap in the way of the Railways, especially of their cricket department. As it was, the B.B. found themselves in arrears of 45 runs at the end of the first innings. R. J. Gharat of the Insurance Office was mainly responsible for it. Not only did he help his side with a very useful contribution of 70 when it was badly needed, but bagged 4 wickets for 59 runs. S. D. Telang of the Railway, on the other hand, deserve our sympatny for missing the coveted century by the narrow margin of 6 runs. The lead, however did not help the Insurancemen to win the trophy they missed in the end last year. The Railway fighting back heroically emerged victorious by the wide margin of five wickets. Highly creditable indeed!

HONOUR TO G.I.P.

While the B.B.C.I. claimed the cricket shield at home the G.I.P. had the proud privilege of retaining the Inter-Railways Hockey Championship at Delhi. Isn't it a pity that these two sister Railways should have met in the penaltimate round instead of the final as it happened on the last occasion? Of course the draw was at fault. They should have been seeded into separate halves. The M. S. M. Railway had earned the right of fighting the G.I.P. in the final after defeating the redoubtable B. N. R. But they succumbed ultimately to the Bombay side by the odd goal in three. All glory to the G.I.P. Let us hope they will win the Delni Cloth Mills Tournament as well.

INVITATION TO AUSTRALIA.

It is very pleasing to hear that Australia has at last thought fit to invite an Indian Cricket team to visit that country in the winter of 1947-48. It is undoubtedly due to the excellent impression which the Cangaroos Cricket team carried away from India recently. I hope the Board of Control would put off the invitation to the West Indies and accept the tour to "Down Under". The reason for this preference is that our players will learn much more of Cricket from a tour to Australia than from a visit by the West Indians. The latter may be invited a year later. I have no doubt our players will jump at the idea of meeting the great Don and his formidable mates on their own ground.

NO VISIT TO SOUTH AFRICA.

The question which has been agitating the minds of the soccer administrators at Calcutta is whether to send a team to South Africa or not. As the opinion is divided, the matter has been postponed till the end of this month when the A.I.F.F. will meet there. In view of the present high tension in the land of the Springboks' against Indians, it will be foolish to send a team there now—more so, because the invitation has not come from the Whites. We must not forget that these arrogant people are unwilling to meet us on equal terms even on the sporting field. They would not play against our teams! Why then should we invite insult on our heads for nothing? And if a Satyagraha movement starts there, the feelings would be still more strained.

Alcock Ashdown Go Down Fighting

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Laughton Institute	**3**
Alcock Ashdown	**2**

In strong contrast to yesterday's tame affair to-day's match was interesting and was decided by the odd goal in five. On the whole The Laughton Institute was the better side and deserved its victory.

Very shortly after play had begun, Agre, the Alcock Ashdown forward netted the first goal to put his side in the lead but almost immediately afterwards, Murzello the Laughton Institute's centre forward beat Carneiro the Custodian to score the equaliser.

Exchanges then onwards were almost even with the Laughton Institute having slightly the better of the two. It was now Rehman's turn to put the Laughton Institute in the lead. When the whistle blew for half time there was no addition to the score.

Once again a goal was scored almost immediately after resumption. Fernandez widened the margin by netting a beautiful short.

It was Alcock-Ashdown's turn to score the fifth goal. O'Mello collected a neat pass inside the ring from his colleague and Mendoza was beaten for the second time during the match.

Then towards the end of the play The Alcock Ashdown made a very gallant bid to score the equaliser but mainly due to a couple of chances of scoring missed by their forwards, they failed in their attempt.

The following were the teams:—

Alcock Ashdown:—V. Carneiro; P. Sampago and J. Rodrick; C. Smith, O. Nayareth and G. Grawley; N. Pools, F. D'Souza, F. D'Souza, C. D'Mello, D. Agre and R. Correa.

The Laughton Institute:—Mendoza; G. Wallace and R. Isacks, M. score the fifth goal. D'Mello collected wards, they failed in their attempt. Smith, O. Nazareth and G. Grawley; Mullen, A. Rehman, C. Murzello. A Fernandes and L. Almeida.

To-day's match:—5-20 p.m. St. N. Poole, F. D'Souza, C. D'Mello, D. Agre and R. Correa.

CABINET MISSION LEAVES LONDON FOR INDIA

Expected In Delhi On Sunday Morning: Lord Pethick-Lawrence Hopes For Good Results

LONDON, March 19. (Reuter): The historic British Cabinet Mission to India left Britain to-day by air after farewell statements by its three members expressing high hopes for successful fulfilment of their task.

The Secretary of State for India, Lord Pethick-Lawrence, who left Hurn airport (Hampshire) in a British Overseas Airways York airliner, said before boarding the machine: "I am very grateful for the goodwill messages which have been given us.

"It makes me feel conscious that we have the support of the British nation and I am confident of the support of the people of India as well.

"The work we have to do in association with the Viceroy is designed to bring the greatest assistance to the people of India in obtaining their right place in the equality of nations.

"We go out to enable Indians to work out the structure of their own constitution, to secure for them freedom and to bring to the world peace in that part of Asia where India has a prominent essential position to hold."

Sir Stafford Cripps, who accompanied Lord Pethick-Lawrence, said: "I am embarking once again for India in the highest hope that on this occasion we shall be able to work with Indians and with the Viceroy to bring about fulfilment of the policy, of which the Prime Minister spoke the other day."

The First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A. V. Alexander, who in a last-minute change of plan left in another plane from Northolt aerodrome near London, said before he left: "We are going to do all we can, and we hope for good results".

The Cabinet Ministers would give no clue to the length of the time they estimated their mission would take them. The only comment came from Mr. Alexander who observed: "It may be weeks or it may be months."

All the three Ministers are due to reach New Delhi on Sunday.

Mr. Alexander, who flies to Malta today, will spend to-morrow on the island and will resume his flight on Thursday with halts at Alexandria, Basra and Karachi.

Lord Pethick-Lawrence and Sir Stafford Cripps will reach Tunis tonight. They will spend Wednesday and Thursday there before resuming their flight on Friday with halts at Baghdad and Karachi.

EDITORS TO MEET MISSION

NEW DELHI: (A.P.I.): New Delhi's preparation for the Cabinet Mission's visit includes air-conditioning of offices for the 74-year-old Secretary of State for India, Lord Pethick-Lawrence and his colleagues with their entourage. The full programme drawn up for the first three weeks of their stay provides for interviews with nearly 50 leaders besides Members of the Executive Council and Government of India officials.

The day after their arrival members of the Mission will meet press representatives at a conference. They will also meet the Standing Committee of All-India Newspaper Editors Conference.

DIFFERENCE AMONG MUSLIM LEAGUERS IN LONDON

Rival Factions To Celebrate Pakistan Day Separately On Saturday

LONDON, March 18, (Reuter): With six days to go to the celebration of Pakistan day by Mussalmans in London, Mr. Sayed Abdul Majid Quareishy, former Secretary of the London branch of the All-India Muslim League, has withdrawn his resignation and stated that he is satisfied with the League leadership of Mr. Jinnah and Nawabzada Liquat Ali Khan. Mr. Quareishy had earlier expressed dissatisfaction with this leadership and his intention to join the pro-Congress India League in London.

While his decision to rejoin the London branch of the All-India Muslim League means that he will take back with him to that organisation a section of Muslim workers in London, there is still disunity among Muslim Leaguers here, writes Reuter's correspondent Ronald Bedford.

This is emphasised by the fact that two separate celebrations of Pakistan day are being held on Saturday.

While the London branch of the All-India Muslim League are marching to the India Office with the text of resolutions after their public meeting in Trafalgar Square, London, the District Muslim Day will be starting their Pakistan Day meeting in Kingsway Hall.

Mr. Muriel Wallhead Nichol, labour member of parliament for Bradford a member of the recent all party parliamentary delegation to Inside at the the All-India Muslim lim League open-air meeting in Targar Square; other Speakers will include Mr. M. Ispahni, a pominent Indian in London and former Mayor of Sait Pancras.

Complete satisfaction with the leadership of Mr. Jinnah and Nawabzada Liquat Ali Khan is expressed by Mr. Quareishy in a letter to the London branch of the All-India Muslim League withdrawing his resignation."

"My resignation was the result of my earnest desire to make a pact with the Hindus and compel them afterwards to allow us to shape share our own destines", says Mr. Quareishy. I thought Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's offer of a 95 per cent Pakistan was a stepping-stone to a fully-fledged Muslim state, but full consideration of it shows that it does not mean anything.

"If the people of Pakistan are not allowed to control defence communications, what are they struggling for?"

CIVIL WAR IN INDIA?

Syed Hussein Discounts Talk About It

LONDON, March 8, (A.P.A.): Dr. Syed Hussein, Chairman of the National Committee for Indian Freedom in Washington, in a press conference today said that talk of a "civil war in India can be discounted as Campaign speeches." He described himself as an old fried of Mr. Jinnah.

"Mr. Jinnah," he said, "throughout his life has been one of the most incorruptible leaders of India, and in 1917-19 was the only national leader greater even than Mahatma Gandhi and the late Pundit Motilal Nehru.

"Don't suppose that because Mr. Jinnah has taken this rather pitiful anti-national line which is wrong and unfeasible, he is to be dismissed disparagingly."

Mr. Hussein emphasised that he "had not seen any scientific or constitutional presentation of what the Pakistan plan means.

"The only means of checking it is a plebiscite, but I cannot see how Assam, 1,000 miles away from Sindh, and the North-West Frontier Province with their different languages and cultures could become one State.

Speaking ethnologically, Dr. Hussein said: "It is a historical fact that eighty per cent of the 92 millions of Indian Muslims of today come from the same Hindu stock."

Let Atom Bomb Be Used To Disclose Antarctic Mineral Deposits

NEW YORK, March (U.P.A.)—Captain Eddie Rickenbacker, President of Eastern Air Lines, has proposed that the "Antarctic Icebox" be blasted open with atom bombs to disclose possible mineral, coal and oil deposits believed hidden under the dense crust of ice.

Rickenbacker told a luncheon meeting he had already submitted the proposal to the U.S. Army, U. S. Navy and the Coast Guard and was awaiting their reaction.

He said he believed the plan was well within the reach of potential execution to determine at last "how many and how much" of such valuable treasures as gold, copper and iron are deposited there.

Meanwhile, in Washington, Richard Hawthorne, former member of Adm. Richard E. Byrd's Polar expeditions characterized Rickenbacker's proposal as "all wrong."

The information office for Byrd's South Pole Trips of 1939 and 1941 said that the "explosive force would not mean anything because of the thickness of the ice cap and the extreme low temperatures in the Antarctic."

He paid tribute to Rickenbacker's achievements in the field of scientific research, but doubted his knowledge of Antarctic conditions. He said "Even an atomic explosion up to a million degrees fahrenheit would only be a flash of heat, but the cold temperature is a continuing condition. Heat would have no appreciable effect when there is a constant flow of cold from the South Pole. In a few hours it would freeze up again."

He added that temperatures down to 80 degrees below zero were recorded by the Byrd Expditions.

He said another factor was the thickness of the polar ice cap which varies from a few feet at the edge to ten thousand feet at the Pole.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, March 19.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16.
London Banks selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32
London Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32.
London Banks buying D. D. 1/6 1/16.
London Banks buying 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.
London Banks buying 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month.
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 3/4.
New York Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.
New York Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2.
New York Banks buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2.
Montreal Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.
Montreal Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299.
Montreal Banks buying D. D. Rs. 297 1/2.
Paris Banks selling T. T. Fcs. 3550
Paris Banks buying T. T. Fcs. 3650
Amsterdam Banks selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79 1/2.
Java Banks selling T. T. D. D. ——.
Hongkong Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

CROSS RATES.

New York/London dol	4.03 3/8-	4.03-1/2.
London/Hongkong	1/2	13/16-1/3 3/32.
London/Singapore	2/3	15/16 — 2/4 5/32
London/Paris Fcs	479.70	— 480.30.
London/Belgium Fcs	176 1/2	— 3/4
London/Switzerland Fcs	17.30	— 40
London/Stockholm Kr	16.85	— 95.
London/Denmark Kr.	19.32	— 19.36
London/New York dol	4.02 1/2	— 4.03-1/2
London/Montreal dol.	4.43	— 4.45.
London/Amsterdam Fl	10.68	— 10.70
London/Java Fl.	7.58	— 7.62.

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
London Discts 3 Mos. 17/32 p. c.
London Discts 6 Mos 9/16-5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1/4 p.c. 3 Mos 1/2 p.c 6 Mos 3/4 p. c. 12 Mos. 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Some Enquiry.

D. F. KARAKA:

Off My Chest

America has overnight become a big-shot in world politics.

There was once a little boy who used to play peacefully on a little island in the Atlantic. His Nana (or governess) was the Monroe Doctrine which kept a watchful eye on him and never allowed him to stray out of his peaceful little play-ground. Now and again the boy would want to play guns and his Nana would take him to Chicago to do his little shooting. He would shoot a gangster or lynch a Negro or push a Jew off the pavement and feel he was a tough guy.

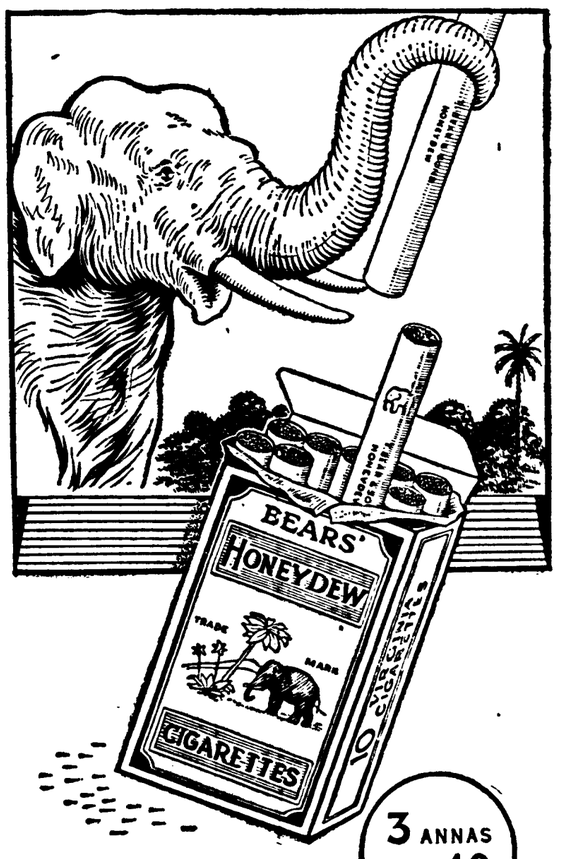
One day the late President of the United States, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, gave him a fireside chat and told him about the world at large of which the little boy did not know or care. Before long the Munroe Doctrine was forgotten. The little boy had cut himself loose from the apron strings of his Nana and was marching like a hero over the face of Europe and playing leap-frog over the islands of the Pacific.

The little boy outgunned his opponents, the Germans and the Japs. He shot Nazis, because the Nazis had persecuted the Jews. He declared himself the top nation of the world because he had a few more dollars in his pockets than the other boys who had spent them all. Generously he threw them a few cents here and a few cents there.

But for this new role in world politics, he was not yet mature. It was alright so long as he spoke of himself as a guardian of world peace and the protector of innocents in the columns of the local press. But, in the outside world there were many skilled sharp-shooters who could outmanoeuvre him in world politics and diplomacy because they had been at the game much longer than this newcomer and because they knew more about the intrigues which world politics implied.

Today America is once again on the verge of another war. Its foreign policy has got hot and bothered with the subtle manoeuvring of the Russians in Teheran. The United States has threatened to raise an issue at the next U. N. O. meeting hoping that the U. N. O. will play according to the national baseball rules. All this American enthusiasm is very pretty to watch. America stands for justice and for the rights of the under-dog and for freedom for all. In that attempt the world will back her to the last man and the last gun.

But someone must also explain how it is that an administration so concerned about the poor Persian in Teheran should do so little about the Negro and the Jew in its own land, and how it is that these defenders of man's liberty should want to raise the one issue in the councils of the United Nations, and want to claim that the other as a purely domestic matter on which the other countries of the world have no right to interfere.



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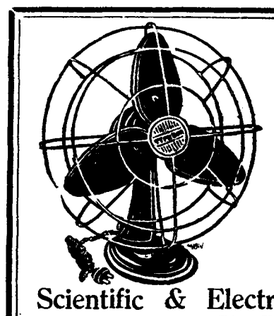

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Cream Laid	13½×16½	12 „	6-8-0	0-6-0
White Drawing Cartridge	22×30	40 „	21-10-6	1-3-9
White Blotting	17½×22½	38 „	32-5-3	1-13-6
White Printing	18×22	16 „	8-10-6	0-8-0
White Printing	20×30	28 „	15-2-6	0-13-9
White Printing	17×27	20 „	10-13-3	0-9-9
White Imitation Art	20×30	45 „	25-2-3	1-6-9
Cover Paper Coloured	20½×30½	60 „	36-9-9	2-1-3
Cover Paper Embossed	20½×30½	60 „	40-11-9	2-5-0
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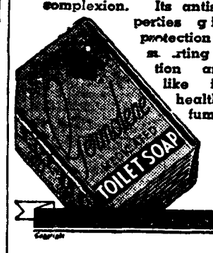

Churchill Doesn't Hate Any Great Race

"We Have To Look Forward To Fairer World" He Says

NEW YORK, March 19 (Reuter):—In a speech here last night after receiving the honorary degree at the Columbia University, Mr. Winston Churchill declared: "In my heart there is no abiding hatred for any great race on the surface of the globe. I earnestly hope there will be no pariah nations after the guilty have been punished.

Fanfares and musical greetings by students, brass band and anthems by university choir welcomed Mr. Churchill when in scarlet robes he took his place for the ceremony. Other students picketed outside of the building, waved placards, and shouted "Winnie go home."

In his speech Mr. Churchill said: "We have to look forward to a broader and fairer world, richer and fuller in every way, under the aegis and authority of the world organisation to guard the humble toiler, the small homes of all nations from renewed horrors and tyranny. In that task you will be upheld to the utmost by all the moral and material resources which the British Commonwealth and Empire can supply, thus walking forward together with no thought of subjugator, or making profit or sordid interest. Marching forward together we may render at this juncture a service to humanity which no countries before have ever had the honour to do."

Mr. Churchill urged students to study the English language and added "A study of history is also essential. Even our Communist friends should study this. They should study the admirable modern works on the life and soul of the white ant—that will show them not only a great deal about their past but will give a very fair indication of their future."

Reuter adds: Considerable academic interest has been created by Mr. Churchill's reference to white ants, also known as termites. The social organisation of these insects is of unusual interest as they display in the words of Encyclopedia Britannica "an elaborate Communism where individualism is submerged for the welfare of the community to a degree unattained in human society." Several famous writers such as Julian Huxley and Maeterlinck have compared the white ant society to a super organism.

U. S. PRESS HOPEFUL ABOUT INDIAN SETTLEMENT

Responsibility Rests On Gandhiji And Nehru To Take Advantage, It Says

NEW YORK, March 18, (U.P.A.): Nationwide editorial comment on Prime Minister Attlee's declaration on India still continues unabated.

The Scripps-Howard paper, Washington News, said that Attlee's offer "increases the faith of American as well as all freedom loving peoples in the basic British policies...But Britain cannot, will not and should not force any settlement on India... A responsibility rests on Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to take full advantage of the opportunity of Britain's offer without taking an unfair advantage of the unco-operative Moslems and other minorities."

Meanwhile, Marquis Childs, one of the leading American columnists, writing in the New York Post today praised the timeliness of the Attlee statement and warned that it "must be remembered that the revolt in India now would take place against a background of the upheaval in the Middle East."

"The situation would be ready made for the Soviet Union," the writer said. "Now, for the better for the worse, India is coming into statehood. How this happens may determine whether India is a willing partner to future world co-operation."

"The Christian Science Monitor" which is ranked among the top five American newspapers, asserted that Americans as well as Britons hope that "Indian freedom can be achieved while keeping India within the British Commonwealth—with an independent status and right to withdraw, and sovereign control over India's foreign policy."

RESULTS IN BRITAIN'S CREDIT

WASHINGTON, March 18 (U.P.A.) —Official sources believe that British Prime Minister Clement Attlee's India offer has tended to remove one major factor which has caused considerable reaction in the U.S. against Winston Churchill's proposed Anglo-American accord, radios Steward Hensley, United Press of America Staff Correspondent in the national capital.

These quarters pointed out that many objected to Churchill's thesis since it envisaged an America underwriting Britain's imperial policy in the Far East which was unpopular to the average American.

Most informed quarters thought that the Indian declaration, which was generally applauded in the U.S., tended to soften criticism of the British policy since it indicated a sincere intention on the part of the British to eliminate what has been the chief source of debate regarding British actions in Asia: India.

The sources admitted that a fear of Russian intentions provided some support to Churchill but believed that the majority of Americans believed that the Anglo-American accord would only aggravate rather than solve the Soviet enigma.

However, it was apparent that Attlee's statement on India resulted in Britain's credit as far as American opinion was concerned. If it is necessary eventually to reach an Anglo-American "understanding", it would be much more palatable for Americans to do so if India is given freedom.

Red Paper Attacks Br. Policy

LONDON, March 19, (A.P.A.): Moscow radio quoting the Soviet English language newspaper "New Times", today deplored British policy in India and attacked the British Press for opoosing Freedom for India.

The broadcast also spoke of feasts and luxuries enjoyed by British residents in India while Indians were starving.

RUSSA MEHTA'S MANIFESTO

Sir,

I am standing as a Candidate for the forthcoming Election to the Council of State.

Following in the footsteps of my revered Father, I seek election to the Council of State with a view to finding a larger sphere of usefulness.

I am a young man, 45 years of age, and for the last 20 years I have been intimately connected with Trade, Commerce and Industry in a wide variety of directions such as, Textile Stores and Machinery, Insurance, Cotton, Elecricity, Textile Mills, Motor Cars and Chemical Industries.

Working under the guidance of my Father I have had the advantage of studying at close quarters numerous problems of our civic and public life. On the fundamental issue of India's political emancipation, I yield to none in my anxiety and determination to exert every nerve to secure it at the earliest possible date. I am convinced that in the present-day International setting it is as much in the ultimate interests of Great Britain as of India that the Indian political deadlock should be resolved without any further delay to the satisfaction of India.

The future of India is fraught with immense possibilities. Once the political issue is out of the way, India will imperatively demand concentration of the energies of all young and old, men and women, for the herculean task of the universally desired economic and social uplift of its ever growing millions at present wallowing in subnormal standards of living. In this constructive crusade against poverty, ignorance and disease, I pledge myself here and now, if elected, to play my part, as a young trained man of my capacity and resources can offer in the service of my country.

I honestly hope that you will lend me your whole-hearted support by casting all your votes in my favour, and I for my part, humbly assure you that I shall do everything within my power to prove myself worthy of your confidence.

Yours in Service,
RUSSA MEHTA.

BRITISH TROOPS LEAVE DENMARK

COPENHAGEN, March 18 (Reuter) British Troops in Denmark who once numbered 10,000 are now leaving the country in weekly parties and the number remaining is now less than 1,000.

Most of these are technicians assisting the Danish authorities to clear up German land and sea minefields and airfields.

S. A. INDIANS TO LAUNCH PASSIVE RESISTANCE

DURBAN, March 18 (Reuter).—The Executive Committee of the Natal Indian Congress resolved to launch a campaign of passive resistance with "organised violation of the unjust and racially discriminatory laws." This was announced by Mr. M. D. Naidoo, Joint Secretary of the Congress, in a statement today

"It will be a disciplined struggle wherein we shall willingly court the imprisonment order to focus attention upon the unjust nature of those laws to be broken." Mr. Naidoo declared.

He disclosed that an "all-in" Provincial Conference would be called by the Natal Indian Congress on March 31 to "mobilise resources of the entire Indian community of Natal to ensure complete success in the struggle."

"A mass meeting" held by the Durban District Committee of the Communist Party emphatically rejected the Indian Land Tenure Bill.

In declaring its "total opposition" to the Bill, the meeting called upon the Indian people and national organisations of all races to show their hatred of oppression by uniting their ranks in "mass resistance" against the perpetration of what they called "a new injustice on a voiceless, defenceless minority."

GREEK ELECTION THIS MONTH WOULD MEAN CIVIL WAR

LONDON, March 18, (A. P. A.): Labourite Major L. Wilkes told the Commons today that to proceed with elections in Greece on March 31 "could probably mean civil war."

He was among half a dozen Labour members who challenged the wisdom of the British insistence that Greece should hold the ballot this month.

Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs Hector McNeil said: "reporting from Athens has not always been of the highest level."

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English Water Bottles & Jugs
English Crackers
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"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth. Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking 'OTOGEN'

In order to popularise "OTOGEN in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions

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CASTOPHENE MFG. CO. KARACHI

Sharp Drop In Active Shares On General Unloading

RISE IN GOLD AND SILVER QUOTATIONS

Narrow Movement In Cotton Market

Bombay, March 19.

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled easy to-day on professional unloading as the market was overbought and need urgent correction. The technical position was rendered unhealthy as short interest was mostly covered up and bulls found it difficult to push up the market. Thus the market is correcting overbought situation. Some believe that to-day's decline is mostly of a technical character but if confidence is impaired, quotations will have to reach to attractive levels.

As a result of day's working, Tata Steel Dfds. declined Rs. 82/8, Ordinary Rs. 18, Bombay Dyeing Rs. 57, Kohinoor Rs. 41, Swadesh Rs. 25, Nagpur Rs. 19, Simplex Rs. 15 and Associated Cements Rs. 7.

The Share Bazar opened steady but during the first half hour there was a big rush of sellers and active shares recorded a sharp decline and market became somewhat nervous. However after the drop there was cessation selling and the market steadied. As pointed out before every conceivable constructive factor is discounted and there is a growing belief that the market is entitled to a major correction. This belief induced considerable unloading and in the absence of usual professional support steel shares recorded a sharp decline. Textiles also eased off in sympathy and buyers were holding aloof. This change in the general sentiment is likely to induce increased offerings on all bulges.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 3,036 and lost Rs. 75, straightway at Rs. 2,955 on general unloading and steadied at Rs. 2,960. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 537 and after declining to Rs. 520 steadied at Rs. 525. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 2,451 and declined at Rs. 2,400 but recovered at Rs. 2,412. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 864 and after declining to Rs. 840 steadied at Rs. 845.

The small recovery after the first break failed to attract buyers and under renewed selling, quotations were again marked down. Professional operators were reported unloading their purchases. Tata Steel Dfds. declined at Rs. 2,930 Ordinary at Rs. 521, Bombay Dyeings at Rs. 2,382 and Kohinoors were quoted at Rs 830. Central India Shares were placed at Rs. 468/2 while Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 348, Simplex Mill Shares were done at Rs. 372, Associated Cements also eased off at Rs. 249. The market firmly believes in reaction and with further selling Tata Steel Dfds. declined to Rs. 2,915 and rallied at Rs. 2,932 Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 520, Bombay Dyeings after declining to Rs. 2,375 steadied at Rs. 2,382 while Kohinoors were done at Rs. 830. The closing tone of the market was easy with indications of further decline in quotations.

Textile Shares

Bombay Dyeing 2377/8 Century 1035 Nagpur 465 Swadeshi 713 New Great 441 Simplex 375 Kohinoor 830 Colaba 401 Gokak 350 Phoenix 1000 Mysore 310 Indian Bleaching 226 Swan 424 Finlay 391 Morarji 815 Indore 796/4.

STEEL SHARES
Tata Steel Ord 518 Tata Steel Dfd. 2927/8.

ELECTRIC
Tata Hydro 220 Andhra 1880 Power 1980 Tram Ord 157/8

CEMENT
Assoliated Merger 251

INDUSTRIES
Burma 625 Alcock 500 Bellapur 265 Shivrajpur 60 Steamer Ord. 667/8 Scindia X.R. 37 Construction 239.

CASH SECTION
Mills: Apollo 5/4 Elphinstone 94 I. U. Ord 18/8 Defd 3/12 Indian Mfg. 3950 Kuria 345 Khatau 407/8 Dawn 1250 David 1295 New City 440 Minerva 270 Bradbury 535 Bharucha Dfds. 15/8 Bharat 70/4 Madhavji 25 Model 315 Laxmi Cotton 1700 Vishnu Cotton 625 Western 3689 Standard 575 Sholapur 7115 Sassoon Cotton 27/8 Hindustan 4080 Meyer Sassoon 262/8 Edward 840 Tata Mills 91 Ahmed. Advance 493/12 Sassoon Silk 102 New Union 29/15 Poddar 365 Madhusudan 575 Shri Nivas 502/8 Raja Bahadur Poona 141/4 Berar 420.

ELECTRIC
Ahmedabad 217/8 New 126 Surat 256/4 Surat New Premium 190 Karachi 236/4 Broach 13/8 Ajmer 15/2 Amalgamated 20/12 Jalgaon 15/8 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 236/4 New Premium 100.

BANKS
Reserve 156/8 Imperial 2465 P. P. 642/8 Central 121/8 India 236 Union 13/4 Baroda 177 Habib 90 International 61 A.B.C. 44 Dena Bank 67 United 102/8 Jaipur 70 Hindustan 55 National Savings F P 78 P P 45 Mysore 435 Exchange 57 Eastern 106.

INSURANCE
Oriental 6850 Empire 1252/8 New India 101 Jupiter 47 Vulcan 20/2 Indian Mercantile 75/12 Universal 16/4 Vasant 25/6/6 Br. I. Gen. 28/12 Ind. Prud 53 Neptune 11/6 New Great 31/4.

RAILWAYS
Ah. Prantij 712/8 C. P. 108 Mymensing Reb 119/8 Guaranteed 116 Mandra Bhon 112 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Pachora 95 Hoshangarpur 117/8

MISCELLANEOUS
Burma New 221/4 Burma Petrol 5/12/3 Tata Oil 112/4 Mackenzie 180 Port Canning 110 Kemp 701/4 Zandu 226/4 Indian Radio Ord 380 B 380 Dfds 375 Indian Investment Trust 128 Wimco 432/8 Tata Chemical 23 Dharamsi Chemical 42 Mukund Iron 14/7 Dena Trust 24/8 Alembic 370 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 141/4 Bombay Uganda 84 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 830 United Motor 46.

PREFERENCE SHARES
Tata Steel 1st 235 Tata Steel Second 176/8 Tram 75/12 Andhra 1692/8 Tata Power 1737/8 Hydro 772/8 Bombay Steam 350 Nagpur 742/8 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 255 Poddar 117 Shri Nivas 101 Elphinstone 136/14 Bradbury 565 Surat Elec. 212/8 Premier Construction First 140 Premier Construction Second 135 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 130 Walchandnagar Industries 550 Jupiter 18/10 Supreme 125/10.

OUTSIDE SHARES
Indian Iron Steel 57/8 Bengal Steel 52/8 Indian Copper 4/13 B. I. C. 10/12 Burma Corporation 6/12 New Victoria Mill 8 New Victoria Pref. 11 Raja Tex 59 Phalton 159 Gold Mohur 381/4 New Kaiser Hind 2450 Sajjan Mills 450 Osmanshahi 412/8 Ajamshahi 697/8.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, March 19.

Tata Ordinary 518, Tata Deferred 2927-8, Indian Iron 57-4, Steel Corpn. of Bengal xd 52-4, Bompay Dyeing 2377-8, Central India 465, Century 1035, Gokak 350, Kohinoor 830, Simplex 375, Andhra Valley 1880, Tata Hydro 220, Tata Power 1980, Associated Cement 251, Belapur 265 Bombay Burma (Old) 625.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.
BOMBAY, March 19.
MILLS.
Ahmedabad Advance 493/12
Apollo 5/9 5/10 5/3 5/4 5/3 5/4
Bharat 72 72/4 70 70/4
Bharucha 15/8
B. Dyeing 2452/8 60 45 50 17/8 27/8 20 27/8 12/8 30 2390 2402/8 2390 2412/8 2380 97/8 70 78/12 93/12 77/8
Central India (Ord) 487 88 78 80 76 78 67 72 63 69 62 70 65
Century 1040 30 35
Edward 865 40
Elphinstone (Ord) 98 93 94
Finlay 406 390 96 89 93 85 91
Gokak 363 64 45 54 50
India United (Defd) 4 3/13 3/14 3/12 3/13 3/11 3/12
India United (Ord) 19/14 19/15 19/4 19/8 19/2 19/5 18/12 18/14
Indore 827/8 30 5 10 797/8 802/8 795 802/8 796/4
Kohinoor 875 68 73 55 51 48 54 26 46 42 49 30 46 30 34 36 30
Luxmi 1700
Meyer 275 62/8 65 57/8 62/8
Model 320 15
Morarjee 825 15
New Great 455 43 45 42 44 37 41 (Ex Div)
Poddar 365
Sassoon Cotton 27/8
Simplex 394 82 86 62 79 71 73 70 75
Swadesi 747 52 32 35 25 26 20 24 10 23 10 19 9 16 13
Swan 437 23 24 20 24
Tata Mills 96 96/8 91
Vishnu 645 50 25
BANKS.
Baroda 177 76 77
Central 125 25/8 21/8 22 21/8
Imperial (Old) 2470 65
Imperial (New) 649 42/8
India 238 37 38
Reserve 155 56/8
Union 13/5 13/2 13/6 13/4
United Commercial 102/8
ELECTRIC.
Ahmedabad 220 17/8
Andhra Valley 1880
B. Tram (Ord) 158/8 57 57/8
B. Tram (Pref) 75/8 75/4 75/12
Karachi 236/4
Surat 256/4
Tata Hydro 222/8 20
Power 1990 75 80
INSURANCE.
British India 28/12
Empire of India 1250 52/8
Indian Mercantile 76/8 75/12
New India 102/8 1 1/8 100/8 101
Vulcan 20/4 20/2
Bombay Steam 676/4 67/8
Scindia 38/12 37/6 37/12 37/8 37/12 37
Jam Wire 140/10 41/4
Bengal Steel 52/7 52/12 52 52/8
Indian Iron 58/10 58/8 57/8 57/2 57/8
Tata Steel (Defd) 3030 20 12/8 17/8 2975 90 77/8 82/8 75 95 75 82/8 45 50 40 65 40 47/8 22/8 30 45 12/8 32/8 40 37/8
Tata Steel (Ord) 540 35 36 27 28/8 27 30/8 24 26 21 28 18 26 22 23 19 24 18 21/8 18
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 176 75/12 76/8
MISCELLANEOUS.
Alcock 503/12 498/12 500
A. Cement 260 56/8 57 52/8 55/8 49 51/8 49 51
Belapur 270 71 62 65
Burmah (Old) 647/8 25 30 25
B. B. Petrol 5/15 5/12 5/12/3
Indian Bleaching 125/8 27 24 26
I. I. Trust 128
F. Construction (Ord) 242 43 39 40 39
Shivrajpur 62 60
Tata Chemical 23/6 24 23/8 23/12 23
Tata Oil 114/8 14 17 12 12/4
Walchandnagar 832/2 30
Western India Match 435 30 32/8
Coorla Mills 345
Alembic Chemical (Ord) 370
Kemp Co. 701/4

Wall Street Firm With Further Recovery

Trade Buying Hardens Cotton Prices

NEW YORK, March 18.

Wall Street opened firm and moderately active. Stocks continued on the recovery side with a few scattered exceptions. Brokers said that the buying was based on the apparent easing of the international situation, the belief that the technical comeback which has started last week would be extended and the urge to employ idle funds. Wall Street operators are of the opinion that a continuation of the present cautionary and selective trend is likely to be smaller or may disappear during the next few months pending solution of the wage problems, expansion of production and boosted earnings. The afternoon was quiet, earlier gains or fractions to two points were maintained with special issues including oils, and liquors leading the market. The attention of Wall Street was temporarily diverted from the international situation to discussions at present going on in Washington between the union and coal mine companies to avert a mine shutdown. The session closed firm.

American Telephone and Telegrapn 191 (191 1/2), Amerex Corpn 35 (35 1/4), Anaconda Copper 46 1/4 (45 3/4) Chase National Bank 42 5/8 (42 1/4), Sinclair Oil 19 1/4 (18 7/8), Firestone Tyre 74 1/2 (75 1/2), General Electric 46 7/8 (46 1/2), General Motors 72 3/4 (72 1/4), Ingersol Rand 133 1/8 (131 bid), International Nickel 38 (36 3/4). National City Bank 44 1/2 (44 1/2), New York Central 27 1/8 (27), Socony Vacuum Corpn. 16 (15 7/8), Texas Corpn. 56 1/8 (55 3/4) Union Carbon 109 7/8 (109 3/4), U. S. Smelting 69 (69 1/4), U. S. Steel 83 3/8 (82 1/8) Western Union Telegraph 39 3/4 (39).

TRADE BUYING IN COTTON.

Cotton opened quiet, and then rallied on trade and mill buying with contracts rather scarce and suggesting that most of the hedges against releases have been completed. No abatement of farmbloc activities to force a revision of the parity formula and opposition to higher margins plus easing of the tension of international affairs were factors contributing to the firmer tendency early this morning. New crops attracted rather more attention, with October and December leading the market, but the trend later was erratic with old crops meeting further hedging, while mild selling was influenced by the secretary of agriculture intimation that he is against the pacebill because of its inflationary leanings. The February consumption report, though partly due to fewer working days in that month, was still somewhat disappointing and contributed to later buying caution. At midday the market was quiet. The market remained quiet during early afternoon with the cessation of pre-notice selling failing to encourage support until towards the finish when persistent trade buying and meagreness of contracts brought a more uniform advance with old crops catching up with new crops. Late support was chiefly influenced by the growing opposition to the administration's cotton price policies and the session closed steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET.

Chicago Grains: May rye and oats advanced in sympathy with Winnipeg rye and reports that Switzerland purchased 15,000 tons American oats last week for September shipment. Wheat was quiet at the ceilings. Meanwhile fears are expressed in some circles that mill inventories may be reduced from 40 to 30 days basis owing to the difficulty of meeting export requirements.

Chicago wheat: May, July and September all 1.83 1/2 bid (all 1.83 1/2 bid).

NEW YORK, March 18.

May	26.75+13
May highest	26.76+14
May Lowest	26.62
July	26.79+12
October	26.64+15
December	26.61+15
January	26.58+15
March	26.58+16
May	26.55+16
Middling spot	27.34+02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

May	26.65+16
July	26.80+14
October	26.67+20
December	26.64+20
March	26.62+20
Middling Spot	26.40+10

NEW YORK COTTON

	Noon Call
May	26.64
July	26.69
October	26.59

GOLD & SILVER

The Bombay Bullion is anxiously awaiting the decision of the case filed against the Exchange. In the meantime all forward transactions remain suspended.

The spot market is keeping very steady and today there was active demand for Gold. Gold stocks in the market are limited and arrivals continue below the daily offtake. This state hardened ready gold quotations at Rs. 95. Ready Silver changed hands at Rs. 153/4 to Rs. 154. The Mahajan Association Tukda Bazar suspended trading today owing to disputes among members.

The market remained very steady. Later on there was improved demand for Silver. In the Chamber market Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 153/2 and Forward Gold at Rs. 92/12. Quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	155	0	0
Ready Gold	95	0	0
Sovereigns	67	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

The cotton market was quietly steady awaiting settlement of monthly teji mandi tomorrow.

At the opening May contract was quoted at Rs. 468/8 against last closing at Rs. 468 and improved to Rs. 470 under scattered buying and the demand was satisfied. Thereafter there appeared scattered selling May reacted at Rs. 469/4. Trading was restricted and tone of the market was steady.

Later on the market was quiet and May delivery declined at Rs. 468. The market again steadied at Rs. 469. Thereafter there was narrow movement and closing quotations at 5-30 p.m. were as under:—

I.C.C. March	465	0	0
I.C.C. May	468	8	0
I.C.C. July	478	0	0
I.C.C. Sept.	484	8	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton May Contract is 868 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

	H.	Lo.	Close
March	465/8	463/12	463/12
May	470	468	468
July	479/8	478	478
Sept.	485/12	484/8	484/8

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, March 19.

The produce market was quiet with a restricted turn over. Groundnuts G.I.P. Ry. Khandesh quality Rs. 21/12, N. S. Ry. quality Rs. 20/14, Latur Bold Rs. 21/4 and N. S. Bold Rs. 20/8. Bazar terms ready Khandesh Rs. 113. Coromandal Rs. 111, Castorseeds were quiet with some selling from Gujrat. Bombay Goa and Navlakhi quotation was Rs. 20/4. Linseed ready Brown Bold Rs. 23/9, March May Rs. 23/11, Vizagapatam Rs. 22/12, Satna Rs. 23/2 and Navlakhi Rs. 23/13. Tone quiet:

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 19th March. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,38,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-0 were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,23,25,000—the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-8-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 26th March, in Bombay upto 11 a.m. and upto the close of business on Monday the 25th March at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 29th March.

During the week ended 15th March Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 5,99,50,000—were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, March 19.

Steady since Saturday evening silver touching 144/9, Gold 93, Present Ready 153/10, Future 152/11, Gold Ready 82/6, Future 92/0/6, Bars badly smashed Guwar Ready 5/3, Baisakh 8/1/9, Maha 7/1/9, Steady Barduna Chet 51/8, Asuj 52/8, Quite Peas 9/8, Maize 10, Bajra 9/2, Juwar 9/4, Arhar 9, Urad 14/9, Moong 12/5, Stocks Wheat 10, Arhar 9, Khattis Gur 11/12, Jaggery Powder 13/10, Steady Cotton Seed 11/14, Mustardseed 12, Oil 36, Oil Mills working parttime.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, March 18.

Cocoanuts Raw 155, Dry 140, Cocoanut Oil 510, Coppra Office 322/8, Dilpasand 350, Madrasnottam 420, Goodgooda 400, Pepper Wynaad 400, Country 395, Dhy Ginger Chernad 350, Ernad 325, Coffee Robusta 85.

BANKERS' CLEARING.

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 14-3-1946 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,33,846.
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 42,29,45,338-11-9.

SHARP RISE OF ONE CENT IN BLACK PEPPER PRICE

NEW YORK, March 18, (U.P.A.): Black pepper futures on the New York Produce Exchanges today rose one hundred points equal to one cent per pound.

The price followed and Office of Price Administration boost of fifty percent in the ceiling price for black peppers and one hundred percent increase in white peppers.

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, March 18

United States prices of foreign silver ..... 71.1 cents.
New York buying price 70 3/4 cents.

SECOND THOUGHTS

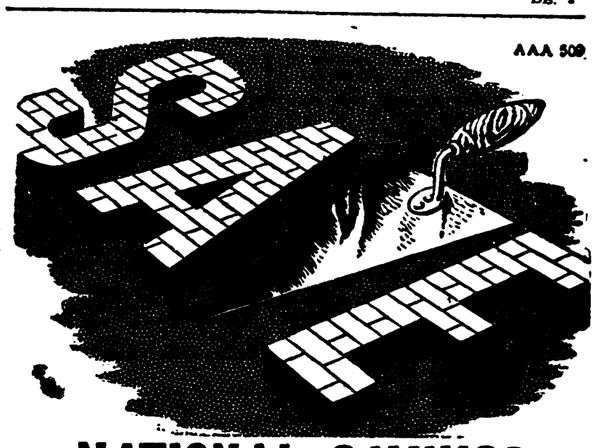
Busy as we are in the every day problems of life, we still have to devote time for second thoughts—second thoughts for the future, for old age when bodily strength wanes and earning capacity is negligible. This is the time to plan for those days, to ensure happiness and complete financial security so that old age will be reminiscent of the present.

Let a Depositors' policy be an integral part of those plans.

The **DEPOSITORS' BENEFIT** *Insurance Co. Ltd.*

Central Bank Building, ... Fort. BOMBAY.

DB. 3



NATIONAL SAVINGS help Reconstruction

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NATIONAL SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Obtainable from Agents appointed by the Government, Post Offices or Savings Bureaux. They are Income-tax free and earn 50% in interest

Issued by the Finance Department, Government of India

dust free selected matured

CARAVAN

INDIA'S *Air-Conditioned* CIGARETTE

THE NATIONAL TOBACCO COMPANY OF INDIA LIMITED
A.C.I C.44

MUTT AND JEFF—It Looks As If Jeff's Filly Has Gone Slighty Hollywood — By BUD FISHER

IT IS! IT IS MY HORSE!
HEY, MUTT! I FOUND MY HORSE!
YOU DID? WHY SHE DISAPPEARED A MONTH AGO! HOW DID YOU EVER FIND HER?
I JUST USED COMMON HORSE SENSE!
I SAT DOWN AND FIGURED OUT WHERE I'D GO IF I WAS A HORSE-
- I WENT THERE, AND SURE ENOUGH, THERE SHE WAS!
H. Fisher

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms." Hastings & Co., Employment Agents Cloth Market, Delhi (1180)

Wanted one Typist, knowing independent correspondence and Office routine Work. Apply personally Rasiklal and Co., Ltd., 60/62, Princess Street, Varjivan Mansion, between 2 to 5 p.m. 1186

Wanted to join immediately a highly experienced Engineer for an Oil Engine Ice Factory, ten tons capacity at Mhow (C.I.). Interview C/o Manager, Majestic Hotel, Fort, Bombay upto 25th March. 1179

Applications are invited from medical graduates (Scale 150-10-250) and Licentiates (75-5-150) for the following posts in Medical and Public Health Department, Banswara (Rajputana) before 30th April. (i) Assistant Surgeon. (ii) Health Officer. (iii) Medical Officer for school and district dispensaries. (iv) Lady doctor (100-10-200). Higher start possible. Benefit of Provident Fund available on confirmation. Apply with particulars regarding age, educational qualifications with testimonials to Chief Medical Officer, Banswara. 7163

Wanted Confectionary Manufacture. Candidates must be technically qualified and have 5 to 10 years' experience as confectionary manufacturing In-Charge in mills. Preference will be given to educated candidates having knowledge of machinery, plant, lay-out and erection. 7168

Wanted Immediately for the Institution of Engineers (India), 3 Gokhale Road, Calcutta, an experienced Cashier with thorough knowledge of book-keeping on a salary of Rs. 60-3-90 P.M. plus temporary dearness allowance (which is now Rs. 22/- P.M.). The selected candidate will be required to furnish security of Rs. 1,000/- in G. P. notes and will be on probation for three months. Applications with copies of certificates will be received by the secretary, P. O. Box 669, Calcutta not later than the 30th March, 1946. None need apply who are not ready to join immediately. 7166

Wanted a Paints Salesman and Demonstrator for 'USHA' Industrial Enamels and Varnishes on salary and commission. Persons who do not possess a practical experience in the application and use of paints need not apply. Must be B.Sc. in Chemistry with previous experience in sales. Post permanent. Must be willing to travel all over Bombay Presidency. Apply stating minimum starting salary acceptable and age, superscribing application "For Paints Salesman" to Box No. 7056 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced matriculate Copy-holders. Apply with certificate to the manager. The "Bombay Chronicle" between 12 and 1 p. m.

Wanted experienced compositors and Lino correctors. Apply with certificate to the manager. The "Bombay Chronicle" between 12 and 1 p. m.

Wanted Canvassers and Distributors for selling Shalimar Electric Fans at controlled prices. Apply Kumar & Sons, P.O. Box 1903, Bombay. (1124)

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted immediately one to three Rooms Block with water light conveniences in Bombay or Bombay-Malad Suburbs. Rent upto 125/- monthly. Write Mysore Silks & Products, Villeparle, Bombay. (1181)

Wanted: Four to six room Block or Flat in any good locality—Bombay to Matunga. See or write with details to Mr. Pranlal Vora, 22 Swami Sadan, Seventh Road, Santa Cruz, East. 1185

Wanted—Office premises preferably in Fort Area, approximately floor area required 2,000 sq. ft. Write to Box No. 1182, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Become Accountant, Secretary Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D.Com. courses. American Correspondence College (BC), Delhi 6970A

Hurry up. Application for Forms are being made for Senior Cambridge Examination. Non-Matriculates eligible Mathematics, Second Language omissible. Oral/Postal tuition. Evening Classes. Prospectus from Bombay Tutorial College, opposite Jer Mahal, Dhobitalao. 1154

INDIAN DANCING

Learn Indian Dancing, Kathak, Kathakali, Manipuri by short summer-courses at Almora or by illustrated correspondence-course at Home. Detailed prospectus free. Art and Culture Centre, Almora. 1172

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted: Agents for sale of our high quality cigarettes and pipe tobacco in every city and town. Write for samples and agency terms. Oriental Tobacco Co., Cawnpore. 6985

Wanted Agents and Stockists for our Horn and Pearl Buttons. J. Smith & Co., Baraikhali (Dacca) Bengal (1063)

Wanted Agents all over India to push Rani's Toilets and Medicinal products. Apply for particulars, Rani & Co., Ltd., 1, Raja's Deori, Dacca. (7070)

Wanted Purchasers of our Tower Brand Bar Soap, cubes. Cash. write to the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (9149)

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED

GRADUATES competent to teach (1) English and Sanskrit, (2) Mathematics in higher standards from the beginning of June, 1946. Wanted Matriculates also. B.T.s, S.T.C.s and P.T.s preferred. Decent and graded salaries plus D.A. of Rs. 18/- per month for all. Apply stating age, qualifications and terms to,

HARILAL D. GANDHI,
Principal.
Sheth M. R. High School,
Kathlal.
Kathlal,
Dist. Kaira, Via Nadiad. (7133)

THE TEXTILE ACCESSORIES LIMITED.

(In voluntary liquidation)

Raja Bahadur Motilal Mansions, 28, Apollo Street, Bombay.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913

and

IN THE MATTER OF THE TEXTILE ACCESSORIES, LIMITED

(In voluntary liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of section 208E of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that a general meeting of the members of the abovenamed Company will be held at 28, Apollo Street Fort, Bombay, on Thursday, the 25th day of April, 1946, at 2-30 p.m. (N.S.T.) in the afternoon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them, showing the manner in which the winding-up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator, and also of determining by extraordinary resolution the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the Company, and of the liquidator thereof, shall be disposed of.

N. M. RAIJI,
Liquidator.

Dated, 19th March, 1946. 7165

KAPILRAM LTD.

AT AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above named Company, held at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Bombay on 12th March, 1946 a special resolution was passed whereby the Company was taken into Vol. Liquidation and Mr. Madanlal H. Vakil and Mr. M. B. Gadekar were appointed liquidators without remuneration.

Dated this 19th day of March, 1946.

MADANLAL H. VAKIL,
M. B. GADEKAR.
Liquidators. 1187

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES & COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES. WANTED

Agents for sale of U. P. Handicrafts (Textiles & Artwares) for the following places. Apply to the undersigned by 31-3-46 Terms of Agencies can be had on application. Persons and firms with experience in the line would be preferred.

Benares, Fyzabad, Jhansi, Muttra, Bareilly, Saharanpur, Allahabad, Gorakhpur, Agra Nainital, Almora, Dehradun, Mussorie, Aligarh, Lahore, Amritsar, Karachi, Poona, Bombay, Nagpur, Mysore, Indore, Madras, Gwalior, Puri, Ranchi, Darjeeling, Dacca, Patna, Shillong, Peshawar, Hyderabad (Deccan) and Jaipur.

(Sd.) S. N. M. TRIPATHI.
Dy. Director of Industries, U.P.
Cawnpore. (6938A)

AGENCIES WANTED

Very influential and financially sound party having organised commodious Office on Clive Street, desirous of taking up Chief Agency of any progressive Insurance Company, representation of business firms or manufacturer's goods for Bengal and Assam on reasonable terms. Satisfactory service assured. Post Box 10403, Calcutta. 1156

FINANCIAL

Wanted Finance upto Rs. 2,500 to invest in running Business. Reasonable interest agreed. Repayable during 15 months. Please write immediately to Box No. 1178, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted (1.) One Lancashire Boiler 30'x7½' 160 lbs. pressure in good condition. (2) Compound condensing steam engine 14x28x26 or 15x28x30. in working order. Lowest quotations with particulars to be sent to Messrs. Heerachand Poonamchand, James street, Secunderabad Dn. 7078

Wanted—Air Compressor capable of compressing 600 cubic feet of air per minute at pressure of 15 atmospheres old or new apply C/o. Post Box 6949 "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

W. Duff & Co., 71, Clive St., Calcutta, offer Grinders, Hay and Straw Balers, Worm Gear and Differential Pulley Blocks, Cheese Presses and Dairy Utensils, Laboratory Mixers and Agitators, Acid Pumps, Dry Cabinets, Tannery Circulators, etc., for early shipment U. K. Import License essential. 7132B

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Immediate sale—Portable Typewriter Perkeo 3 bank, complete working order, with travelling case, Rs. 150, inspection open 7—12 a.m. Damodar Pandya, C/o Dr. T. K. Thakar, Building 2, Block 3, Raghav Vadi, near French Bridge. 1184

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE OF SALVAGE STORES.

Under orders of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals) Cawnpore, the following Public Auction Sales will be held at places and dates noted below. ALL AUCTIONS WILL COMMENCE FROM 9-15 A.M.

Date.	Location.	Stores for Disposal.
1.21.3.46.	GUN CARRIAGE FACTORY, SALVAGE STORE DEPOT, JUBBULPORE.	Drums (Oil) Tins, Steel barrels of various sizes, and other miscellaneous items.
2.22.3.46.	SALVAGE TRANSIT DEPOT, KATNI.	Large quantities of Alluminium, Brass, Rubber, and Misc. Scrap. Food Containers, Woollen and Cotton Rags, Old Gunnies, Webbing, Water Proof ground sheets, Cardboards and other misc. items.
3.22.3.46.	ORDNANCE FACTORY, KATNI.	Large quantities of Rubber waste, and misc. scrap.
4.23.3.46.	SALVAGE TRANSIT DEPOT, BILASPUR.	Large quantities of Brass White metal and mixed scrap carbon Alloy and spring steel., Hoop iron. binding wire, Tentage, Rubber scrap, Electric cable, Secondary Batteries, Wireless Valves and other misc. items.
5.28.3.46.	SALVAGE TRANSIT DEPOT, SAUGOR.	Tin Scrap, Wood scrap, Packing cases, petrol cases 40|45 Gallon Barrells, 4|5 Gallon Drums.
6.30.3.46.	SALVAGE TRANSIT DEPOT, KAMPTEE.	Motor Vehicles, Aero scrap Bath tubs, Cast iron, Cotton Rags Waste paper, Cardboard, Containers, Rubber scrap & Mixed metal scrap.
7.1.4.46.	SALVAGE TRANSIT DEPOT, CHINDWARA.	Ferrous scrap and Wood scrap.
8.3.4.46.	SALVAGE TRANSIT DEPOT, MHOW.	Old gunny, Petrol cans, and Ghee tins.

(7161)

NOTICE

The following polling stations in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District have been fixed for elections from the two Muhammadan Constituencies of the Bombay Legislative Assembly mentioned below to be held on MONDAY, the 25th March, 1946 and are published with reference to Rule 20 (1) of the Bombay Legislative Assembly Electoral (Elections and Election Petitions) Rules, 1936:—

STATEMENT A—BOMBAY CITY.

Serial No.	Ward and Division. Polling Stn.	For.
	(1) BOMBAY CITY SOUTH (URBAN).	
1	A Mandap in the Southern part of the Esplanade Maidan; Waudby Rd.	All men & Women.
2.	B 1 Mandvi—Chakla. Mandap on Municipal Play Ground for children, Memonwada Road.	Men.
3.	B 1 Mandvi—Chakla. Mandap in Begmahomed Park, Mahomadalli Road,	Women.
4.	B. 2. Umarkhadi—Dongri. Mandap on Municipal play ground South of Dongri Municipal School	Men.
5	Do. St. Joseph High School Dongri,	Women.
6.	C. Mandap on Municipal Play ground at Mutton Street.	Men.
7.	Do Beg Mahomed Hall, Mahomedalli Road	Women.
8.	D. Mandap on Gilder Tank Maidan, Lamington Rd.	Men & Women.
	(II) BOMBAY CITY NORTH AND BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT (URBAN) CONSTITUENCY.	
9.	E. Mandap On Mustan Tank.	Men Names beginning with letters from A to J (inclusive).
10.	E. Mandap in Wellington Park, Agripada.	Men Names beginning with letters K to Z (inclusive)
11.	E. Municipal Urdu School Mustan Tank Road.	Women.
12.	F Mandap on Municipal Play ground opposite Bhoiwada Police Station.	Men
13.	F R M. Bhat, High School Parel.	Women.
14.	G Mandap in the compound of Rahimtulla Karimbhoy Urdu School, Mahim.	Men.
15.	G Rahimtulla Karimbhoy Urdu School Bldg, Mahim	Women.

STATEMENT B—BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT

Serial No.	Polling Station.	PLACE	Area under the Polling Station.
1.	Bandra	Open compound behind Municipal Schools opp. Bandra Municipal Office (Mandap) for men & women.	Bandra Municipal Ward A to F, Parigh, Khar Village & Danda.
2.	Santa Cruz	Anandilal Podar High School, Ghodbunder Rd. for men and women	Bandra Municipal Wards G. H. & I. Juhu (including Municipal Area & Kole Kalyan.)
3.	Vile Parle	St. Xavier's Middle School Church Compound for men and women.	Parle, Andheri Municipal Wards, A,B, & C.
4.	Andheri	Sheth Madhavdas Amersey High School Compound (Mandap) for men and women.	1 Andheri Municipal Wards D, E & F, 2 Ambivli 3 Are 4 Bamanwada 5 Bandivli, 6 Chakala 7 Daravli 8 Gundavli 9 Goregaon 10 Ismalia 11 Kondivta 12 Marole 13 Majas 14 Madh 15 Mogra 16 Mulgaon 17 Oshivra 18 Pahadi 19 Parajpur 20 Vesava 21 Vyaravli 22 Yerangal.
5.	Malad	D.L.B. School, Jackeria Road—for men & women	1 Akse 2 Charkhop 3 Chinchavli 4 Dindosi 5 Kurar 6 Malad—(including N. A. C Area) 7 Malavani 8 Manori 9 Marve 10 Valnan 11 Wadgwan.
6.	Borivli	Borivli N. A. C. Office Ghodbunder Rd.—entrance through the Borivli Sports Club—for men & women.	Borivli (including N. A. C. Area), Dahisar, Eksar, Gorai, Kaneri, Magathne, Mandapeshwar Shimpavli, Kandivli (including N. A. C. Area) Akurli & Poisar.
7	Kurla	Police Lines compound (Mandap) for men and Women.	Kurla (Municipal Area) Asalpe, Bapnale, Chendavali, Mohili, Pawai, Saki, Shahar.
8.	Chembur	District Local Board School Premises for men and women.	1. Anik, 2 Borla 3 Chembur 4 Devnar 5 Mankhurad 6 Manbudruk, 7 Mandala 8 Mahul 9 Maravli 10 Nanale 11 Trombay 12 Wadhavali.
9	Ghatkoper	"Goolestan"—Agra Rd. —for men and women.	Ghatkopar-Kirol (including Municipal Area) Hariyali and Vikhroli.
10	Mulund	District Local Board School, Narottam Road, for men and women.	1 Bhandup 2 Gundgaon 3 Kanjur 4 Klerabad 5 Kopri 6 Mulund 7 Nahur 8 Paspoli 9 Sai 10 Tirandaj 11 Tulsi and Tungave.

No. A. D. M. 227.
Collector's Office,
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 16th March, 1946.

G V. BEDEKAR
Collector of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District & Returning Officer.

(7164)

PUBLIC NOTICES

ORDER

I, Harold Edwin Butler, C.I.E., O.B.E., Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, under the powers vested in me by Section 23, subsection 1, clause (e) of the Bombay City Police Act, Act IV of 1902 do hereby order for a period of 7 days from the 19th March 1946, that no person shall use any mobile or portable loud-speaker or other noisy instrument in or near any street or public place in Greater Bombay.

This order will be made known to the public by beat of battaki and by posting cyclostyled copies of the same in the prominent places in the Greater Bombay and by publication in the "Times of India", "Bombay Chronicle," "Bombay Samachar", "Navakal" and the "Khilafat Daily".

Any person infringing this order is liable to be arrested by the police and dealt with under section 127 of the Bombay City Police Act.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police,
Greater Bombay.

Head Police Office.
Bombay, 19th March, 1946. (7171)

SECRETARY WANTED.

For a large Muslim Institution to be founded for Social and Economic Welfare. Applicant must have high educational qualifications, organising ability and personality. Knowledge of Gujarathi essential. Good salary and prospects for really capable man. Apply in own handwriting with testimonials. Box No. 7159, "Bombay Chronicle."

ANNOUNCEMENT

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of the general public that Mr. Mast Ram Chadha who was working as the Manager of Surgical Industries, Bombay, agents of M/s. United Surgical Works, Bombay, is no more in our service. Anybody dealing with him in our account will do so at his own risk and responsibility.

RAM LAL SURI,
Managing Director.
7160

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED urgently from qualified persons for the following temporary posts in the Office of the Chief Accounts Officer, Finance Department (Supply) New India Assurance Building (5th Floor), Bombay.

(1) Accountants: Rs. 250-15-295 plus Dearness Allowance.
(2) Jr. Accountants: Rs. 175-15-220 plus Dearness Allowance
(3) Divl. Inspector of Supply Accounts: Rs. 175-15-400 plus Dearness Allowance with headquarters at Poona.
(4) Dy. Accountants: Rs. 120-10-150 plus Dearness Allowance.

Applications for categories Nos. (1), (2) and (3) must possess good accounting qualifications and must have had considerable previous experience in accounts work, in a Civil or Military Accounts Office as Superintendent, Senior Accountant or Divisional Accountant. Registered Accountants with long commercial experience will also be considered.

Applicants for category No. 4 must be either B. Coms or G. D. As. or Graduates with considerable service in responsible accounts posts under Government or in commercial offices.

Bombay domicile essential for all the posts. Retired Government servants are eligible, but their pay will be fixed in accordance with Government rules. The applicants must be prepared to tour in the Districts when required to do so for which they will be paid travelling allowance under the Bombay Government rules.

Applications should be sent to reach the Chief Accounts Officer not later than the 30th March 1946.

Candidates who do not fulfil the conditions prescribed above need not apply.

COUNCIL OF SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for each of the following work for the Central Glass and Ceramic Research Institute situated on the Gariahat Road, Calcutta, approximately 6 miles from Government House.

(a) Laboratory fittings etc.
(b) Electrical works.
(c) Sanitary works and water supply etc.

Bills of Quantities, Specifications and forms of tender may be obtained from the Architects, Messrs. Ballardie, Thompson and Matthews, F.F.R.I.B.A., Chartered Architects, 7, Wellesley Place, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 10/-. Drawings may be seen at the offices of the Architects any day during working hours. No copies of drawings will be supplied to tenderers.

Tenders are to be delivered in triplicate under seal at the office of the Secretary, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research The Mall, Delhi by the 8th of April, 1946 and will be opened at 7, Wellesley Place, Calcutta in the presence of the Officer-in-charge of the Institute at 12 noon on the 15th April 1946.

Firms desiring to tender must deposit with the Secretary, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, Delhi for (a) Rs. 500/-, (b) Rs. 1,500/-, (c) Rs. 1,500/- by bank draft, along with their tenders. This deposit will be refunded to contractors whose tenders are not accepted.

The Council reserves the right to reject any or all of the tenders without assigning reasons for the same. 7169

PUBLIC NOTICES

IN BASIC SOLUTION OF CLOTH FAMINE

ORIENTAL COTTON CULTIVATION & MILLS, LTD.

Regd. Office: 162, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA.

COTTON GARDEN: TRIPURA Cotton Estate,
ESTD. 1943.
MILL SITE: GARIA, 24, Parganas.

DIVIDEND
Paid
1943 ..... 10%
1944 ..... 15% (WITH TAX)

DECENT DIVIDEND

EXPECTED ON THE WORKINGS OF 1945

SHARES STILL AVAILABLE AT PAR

WANTED AGENTS FOR SALE OF SHARES

Full particulars on request

MANAGING DIRECTOR
MR. D. GANGULI, M.A.

(7162)

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that Nalgaum Recreation Ground near Dadar Police Court has been kept reserved for two weeks from 20th March 1946 to hold the By-Elections of Ward No. 15.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner.
For the City of Bombay.
D. I. AHMADI,
Superintendent,
Municipal Gardens. 7157

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Conveyance, dated the 20th day of February, 1942, made between Bai Mulibai, daughter of Lakhmidas Rowjee Tairsee, of the one part and our clients Messrs Chandulal Jethalal Kadakia, Khadubhai Mahomedalli Doriwalla, Mohanlal Sakerlal and Ramanlal Sakerlal of the other part relating to the undermentioned property has been misplaced or lost

All persons having any claim of any sort against the said property either by virtue of the deposit of the said Conveyance of the said property hereinafter described or otherwise are requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within 14 days. In default the claim if any will be deemed to have been waived Any person, firm or Corporation possessing or having custody of the said Conveyance is hereby requested to hand the same over to the undersigned.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Land or ground with the messuage, tenement and dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the Eastern side of Kazi Syed Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 193 square yards or thereabouts be the same little or more less and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 3171, New Survey No. 1'2722, Cadastral Survey No. 969 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B. Ward No. 1454 and Street No. 13.

Dated this 19th day of March, 1946.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay (7170)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1591 of 1944.

THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION of the City of Bombay and another. .. Plaintiffs

vs.

RATILAL KAMALSI and another .. Defendants.

To,
FRAMROJ BOMANJI SHROFF, Esq.,

Defendant No. 2 in the above suit.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before His Lordship the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee on FRIDAY, the 29th day of March, 1946, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon (S.T.) for a Decree Absolute for Sale of the property, situate at Mahim and for a Decree for payment to the Plaintiffs out of the net sale proceeds of the said property the amount due and owing to the Plaintiffs under the Preliminary Decree on charge herein dated the 27th day of March, 1945, subject to the prior payment of land revenue, if any, due to Government in respect of the said property.

Dated this 27th day of February, 1946.

BALVANTRAI G. DESAI,
Plaintiffs' Attorney. 7158

The Evolution of Light in India

From the sputtering flicker of Oil lamps thousands of years ago, right down through the succeeding stages—illustrated alongside—the Evolution of lamp lighting in India has almost reached its peak today. The magic of electricity has been harnessed under simple finger tip controls to brighten our lives in every phase of the daily routine. Thanks to Indian Enterprise and Research, Radio Lamps are well in the forefront diffusing light and dispelling gloom in Homes. Offices and Factories all over India.

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Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.